Department of General and Applied Geography

School of Applied Sciences



Curriculum Framework

B.A. / B.A.- B.Ed. / B.Sc.

Based on National Education Policy- 2020

Date of BoS: 16.09.2022

Doctor Harisingh Gour Vishwavidyalaya (A Central University) Sagar-Madhya Pradesh-470003

About the Department

The Department of General and Applied Geography is one of the pioneer departments in the country, established in 1953 with Prof. Mackim as its first Head. The department has a glorious history of sharing their domain knowledge and research at national and international academic platforms. The department has produced research of international repute, published in international journals such as Nature, Science and publishers viz. Elsevier, Springer, Taylor and Francis, etc. The department offers Ph.D., M.Sc./M.A. and B.Sc./B.A. programs in Geography. The department is currently supported by DST (GOI) under FIST Level-I program. The department has a Remote Sensing and GIS Lab and all advanced surveying instruments. The faculty of the department is committed to train the students to develop their skills in geoinformatics, surveying, statistical analyses and landscape interpretation. These skills are integral to the course and help the students in their research pursuits. Presently, the department has six meritorious, experienced and devoted faculties. The department has been pioneer in the teaching of Astronomy, Cartography and Applied Geography since its inception. The department has been attracting students from all over the country and has produced several academicians, scientists, administrative officers. Population Research Centre (PRC), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India, New Delhi is an integral part of the department since 1999.

Curriculum Framework based on National Education Policy-2020

NEP-2020 has conceptualized the idea to develop well rounded competent individuals for making the nation a self-reliant and global leader. In the same spirit, we at **Department of General and Applied Geography** have developed a curriculum framework to encompass the goals of NEP 2020. To this end, we have incorporated choice of subject/disciplines of study, creating academic pathways having constructive combinations of disciplines for study with multiple entry and exit points as well as focus on **experiential learning** for students by introducing **multidisciplinary and skill enhancement courses** and actual Hand's on training in the recent and trending aspects of the area concern.

Under Graduate Curriculum Framework for Bachelor of Arts & Bachelor of Science

1. Name of the Programme: B. Sc., B. A. & B. A. B. Ed.

2. About the Programme:

The Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.), Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) and Bachelor of Education (B.A.-B.Ed.) in Geography programs offer students a holistic understanding of Geography. The purpose of the undergraduate geography program at Department of General and Applied Geography is to provide the fundamental knowledge of the major fields of geography to the students covering the general areas of physical and human geography along with the skills and abilities of fundamental cartographic practices, digital technologies and surveying so as the students may be specialised and skilled to undertake the various careers in government and private sectors. Moreover, the student will be trained in applied laboratory techniques, critical thinking, independent and team learning, and are provided with research opportunities. The faculty is committed to providing an apt academic milieu to address the individual needs of each student and encourage them to develop their potential.

3. Objectives of the Programme:

After Completion of the programme the student will learn:

- > Understand and apply the fundamental principles, concepts and methods of Geographical Studies.
- > Demonstrate the problem solving, analytical and logical skills in understanding physical and cultural landscapes.
- Apprise the techniques of surveying in spatial analysis and measurements.
- ➤ Understand the importance of geo-informatics in understanding the land use and land cover mapping.
- ➤ Enhance the learning of judicious use of GI technology for the sustainable growth of mankind in synergy with nature.
- ➤ Understand the professional, ethical and social responsibilities in the creation and use of geographical knowledge.
- > Enhance the research culture and uphold the scientific integrity and objectivity.
- Express proficiency in oral and written communications to appreciate geographical knowledge.
- Develop industry focused skills and learning to lead a successful career.

4. Programme Learning Outcomes:

After the completion of the programme, students will be able to:

- > **Disciplinary knowledge:** Demonstrate and understand basic concepts, and fundamental principles of geography.
- ➤ **Communication skills:** Effectively express their geographical understanding through means reports and presentations.
- ➤ Critical thinking: Collect and analyse the various scientific problems and draw a conclusion to design apt solutions.
- **Problem solving:** observe and simulate the geographical problems in day-to-day life.
- ➤ Analytical reasoning: Analyse and interpret data with appropriate methods and techniques in the domain.
- ➤ Cooperation/Teamwork: deliver and facilitate cooperative effort as a group in the field and lab experiment, assignments and group activities etc.
- ➤ **Information/digital literacy:** Access, evaluate, and use of relevant data sources in a systematic manner through appropriate software and web-based platforms.
- > Self-directed learning: Engage in independent and self-directed learning to get in-depth knowledge through e-learning resources and MOOC courses.
- > Scientific reasoning: Acquire reasoning and problem-solving skills to analyse, interpret and draw conclusions from quantitative and qualitative data.
- ➤ Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning: Embrace and practice research ethics adopted in geographical studies.
- ➤ Leadership readiness/qualities: Formulate an inspiring vision and motivate the team for the collective efforts in an efficient way.
- ➤ **Lifelong learning:** Develop knowledge and skills for personal and institutional development by adapting the industrial and work demands through skill development.

5. Structure of the Programme

Level: 5 Semester I							
Nature of Course	Course Code	Course Title	Credits				
Discipline Specific Major-1	GOG-DSM-111	Physical Geography: Lithosphere	4				
Discipline Specific Major-2	GOG-DSM-112	Map Reading and Interpretation (Practical)	2				
Multi-Disciplinary Major-3	GOG-MDM-111	Physical Landscapes of India	6				
Ability Enhancement Course	GOG-AEC-111	Chain & Tape Surveying	2				
Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	GOG-SEC-111	Introduction to Cartography	2				

Semester II								
Nature of Course	Course Code	Course Title	Credits					
Discipline Specific Major-1	GOG-DSM-121	Human Geography	4					
Discipline Specific Major-2	GOG-DSM-122	Relief Analysis and Surveying (Practical)	2					
Multi-Disciplinary Major-3	GOG -MDM-121	Resource Geography of India	6					
Ability Enhancement Course	GOG -AEC-121	Prismatic Compass Survey	2					
Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	GOG -SEC-121	Introduction to Statistical Methods in Geography	2					

6. Exit: Certificate in

7. Teaching Learning Approach:

Mainly this programme will transact the under given pedagogic approach-

- a. Lecture/ Seminar format: Chalk and board, PPT presentation, Field work
- b. Demonstration: Demonstration of Maps, Models and Geo-informatic data sets
- c. Readings/written assignments and Field Projects: Written Assignment, Seminars and Field Projects
- d. Group discussions/tutorial: Group discussions & tutorials in field projects and dissertations
- e. Project work: Project work and Assignments
- f. Field Visit/Survey/Dissertation: Geography being a spatial science field visits and surveys are integral part of geographical studies.

8. Assessment

The learner in the programme will be assessed throughout the duration of the programme in a formative and summative evaluations i.e. Mid (I & II) and End Semester examinations. To be eligible to appear in End semester examination a student must appear in Mid semester examinations along with 75 per cent attendance in classroom processes.

GOG DSM- 1I1- Physical Geography: Lithosphere									
Level&	Course	Title of the	Credits				Marks	Course Coordinator	
Semester	Code	Course							
L5	GOG-	Physical	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Pawan Kumar Sharma	
Sem I	DSM-	Geography:	60	0	0	4	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. Satheesh C.	
Sem 1	111	Lithosphere					60	Dr. Rakesh Saini	
		priore						Dr. Parvendra Kumar	

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce students the evolution, structure and configuration landforms and land forming process.

- **2. Course Learning Outcomes:** After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
 - i. Understand the components of the earth system atmosphere, lithosphere and hydrosphere;
 - ii. Appreciate and understand various features of the spheres with local, regional and global examples;
 - iii. Understand the Earth Movements and development of landforms.

- UO 1. Know about the different theories of origin of the Earth.
- UO 2. Learn about the evolution of first and second order landforms.
- UO 3. Understand the major endogenetic processes of landscape evolution.
- UO 4. Understand the major exogenetic processes of landscape evolution.
- UO 5. Learn about the landform evolution in different environments.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Origin of the Earth	12
	Hypotheses and theories: Nebular, Tidal and Big Bang Theory	
	• The constitution of the earth's interior	
	Age of the earth	
	Geological time scale	
Unit II	Landform Evolution	12
	• First order land forms: Continents and Oceans: Wegner's	
	theory; Plate tectonics	
	• Second order land forms: Mountains, Plateaues, plains: their	
	classification and distribution;	
	• Earth's Materials: Rocks- their origin, classification and	
	characteristics	
Unit III	Endogenetic Processes	12
	Epeirogenetic and Orogenetic - Folds and Faults;	
	Seismic activities: causes and distribution	
	Earthquakes- Classification and world distribution;	
	• Volcanic activity: causes, types, distribution and resultant	
	landforms	
Unit IV	Exogenetic Processes:	12
	Denudational agents	
	Weathering Process: Physical, Chemical and Biological;	
	Mass wasting and resultant landforms	
Unit V	Agents of Landforms Development:	12
	• Work of running water- erosional and depositional landforms.	
	Aeolian Landforms: erosional and depositional land forms;	
	Glacial landforms: erosional and depositional land forms	

- 1. Strahler, A.N. and Stahler, A.M. Modern Physical Geography. Wiley India, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. Singh, S. Physical Geography. Pravalika Publications, Allahabad, 2016.
- 3. Bryant Richard, H. Physical Geography. Rupa Publication. New Delhi, 2016.
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- 5. flag lfoUnz Hkw&vkd`fr foKku] olqa/kjk] xksj[kiqj] 2017

Suggested Readings

- 1. Hugget, R. J. Fundamentals of Geomorphology, Routledge Taylor & Francis, London, 2017.
- 2. Bloom A. L. Geomorphology. Rawat Pulication, Jaipur, 2012.
- 3. Robinson, P.J. & S. Henderson. Contemporary Climatology. Henlow, 1999.
- 4. Singh, S. Geomorphology. Prayag Publications, Allahabad, 1998.
- 5. Stoddart, D. R. Process and Form in Geomorphology (Edited). Routledge, New York, 1996.
- 6. Garner, H.F. The Origin of Landscape- A Synthesis of Geomorphology. O. U.P. London, 1974.
- 7. Chorley, R.J. Spatial Analysis in Geomorphology. Methuen, London. 1972.
- 8. Sparks, B.W. Geomorphology. Longman, London, 1960.
- 9. Thornbury, W. D. Principles of Geomorphology. John Wiley, New York, 1960.
- 10. Wooldridge, S.W. and Morgan, R. S. The Physical Basis of Geography- An Outline of Geomorphology. Longman, London, 1959.
- 11. dkSf'kd] ,l- Mh- Hkw&vkd`fr foKku] jLrksxh] esjB] 2012

	GOG DSM- 112- Map Reading and Interpretation (Practical)								
Level&	Course	Title of the Course	Credits				Marks	Course Coordinator	
Semester	Code								
L5	GOG-	Map Reading	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Satheesh C.	
Sem I	DSM-	and	0	0	30	2	EA (End	Dr. Rakesh Saini	
Sem 1	112	Interpretation					Sem)- 60	Dr. R. B. Anuragi	
		(Practical)						Dr. O. P. Dubey	

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce students the basics of map science, basic reading and interpretational skills.

- 2. Course Learning Outcomes: After the completion of course, the students will have ability to:
 - 1. Understand the Nature and Development of Cartography
 - 2. Able to prepare maps with their basic elements.
 - 3. Identification of different rocks structures with their basic properties.

- UO 1. Learn and appreciate the basics of cartography and their major application areas.
- UO 2. Learn the different types of scales.
- UO 3. Learn the methods of construction of scale.
- UO 4. Understand the types of maps and techniques of map enlargement and reduction.
- UO 5. Recognise the various types and characteristics of rocks

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Introduction to Cartography	12
	The nature and scope of cartography	
	Development of cartography	
	elements of cartography	
	Application of cartography	
Unit II	Scale: Basic Concepts	12
	• Statement scale,	
	• Representative Fraction (R.F.)	
	Graphical scale	
Unit III	Construction of Scales	12
	Graphical /Linear Scale	
	Simple & Comparative Scale	
	Diagonal and Time Scale	
	 Conversion and Uses of Scale 	
Unit IV	Maps: Concept and Types	12
	Enlargement and reduction of Maps	
	Graphical method: Square Method	
	Similar Triangle Method	
Unit V	Identification of different rocks	12
	• Igneous rocks	
	Sedimentary rocks	
	Metamorphic rocks	

- 1. Singh L. R. Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2016.
- 2. Singh, R.L. *Elements of Practical Geography*. Kalyani, New Delhi. 1991.
- 3. Sarkar, A. *Practical geography: A systematic approach.* Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.'kekZ] ts-ih- % Singh Gopal. *Map Work and Practical Geography*. Vikas Publishing, New Delhi. 2012
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Suggested Readings

- 1. Robinson, A.H, et. al. *Elements of Cartography*. 6th ed. John Wiley, New York, 1995.
- 2. Misra, R.P. & A. Ramesh: Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept, New Delhi. 1989.
- 3. Monkhouse, F.J. Maps and Diagrammes. Methuen, London. 1982.
- 4. Raisz, E. General Cartography. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 5th edition, 1962.
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GOG-MDM-111- Physical Landscapes of India									
Level&	Course	Title of the	Credits				Marks	Course Coordinator	
Semester	Code	Course							
L5	GOG-	Physical	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Satheesh C.	
Sem I	MDM-	Landscapes	90	0	0	6	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. Rakesh Saini	
	111	of India					60	Dr. Parvendra Kumar	

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce students an improved understanding on various physical landscapes of India and enhance their analytical capacity to relate the diverse physical conditions.

- 2. Course Learning Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
 - 1. Understand the physiographic profile of the country
 - 2. Understand the climatic conditions and its impacts in India
 - 3. Apprise the synergy of drainage system, soils and forest resources in India.

- UO 1. Learn about the major physiographic divisions of India.
- UO 2. Learn about Indian Monsoon system and their spatial characters.
- UO 3. Know about the major drainage system of India.
- UO 4. Learn about the process of pedogenesis and soil classification of India.
- UO 5. Recognise the major forest resources of India and relevant policy.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Physiographic divisions	18
	Himalayas: origin and classification	
	Northern Plains: origin and classification	
	Peninsular India: origin and classification	
	 Coastal areas & Islands 	
Unit II	Climate	18
	Origin of monsoon	
	Branches of monsoon	
	Climatic regions	
Unit III	Drainage Systems	18
	Himalayan River system	
	Peninsular drainage system	
	In-land drainage system	
Unit IV	Soil	18
	 Pedogenesis processes 	
	Classification of Indian soil	
	 Soil erosion and conservation 	
Unit V	Vegetation	18
	 Classification of forests 	
	 Deforestation and conservation 	
	National forest policy	

- 1. Khullar, D.r. India: A Comprehensive study kalyani pub., Luchiana, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. Tiwari, R.C., Geography of India. Allahabad: Pravalika Publication. Allahabad, 2016.
- 3. Singh Gopal. A Geography of India. Atmaram and Sons, New Delhi. 2010.
- 4. Husain, Majid, Geography of India, McGraw-Hill Com. New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. frokjh vkj- lh- Hkkjr dk Hkwxksy] bykgkckn% iz;kx iqLrd Hkou] 2016
- 6. xkSre] vydk] Hkkjr dk c`gn~ Hkwxksy] "kkjnk iqLrd Hkou] bykgkckn] 2015

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basham, A. L. The Wonder that was India. Picador, London. 2004.
- 2. Das, P.K., The Monsoon. National Book Trust of India, New Delhi. 2002.
- 3. Sharma, T.C. & Countinho O., Economic and Commercial Geography of India, Vikash Publication, New Delhi. 1998.
- 4. Singh, R. L., ed., India- A Regional Geography. N. G. S. India, Varanasi, 1971.
- 5. caly] lqjs'k pan % Hkkjr dk o`gn Hkwxksy] ehuk{kh izdk'ku] esjB 2015
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GOG-AEC-111- Chain & Tape Surveying									
Level&	Course	Title of the		Cre	dits		Marks	Course Coordinator	
Semester	Code	Course							
L5	GOG-	Chain &	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Satheesh C.	
Sem I	AEC-	Tape	30	0	0	2	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. R. B. Anuragi	
	111	Surveying					60	Dr. O. P. Dubey	

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce method of chain and tape surveying.

- **2.** Course Learning Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
 - 1. Understand the fundamentals of surveying.
 - 2. Apprise and understand method of chain and tape surveying
 - 3. Apply the techniques of chain and tape surveying in preparation of area plan map.

- UO 1. Learn and appreciate the basics of surveying.
- UO 2. Learn about the basics of Chain and Tape surveying.
- UO 3. Learn about the setting of the Chain and Tape for preparation of map.
- UO 4. Learn about the different methods of Chain and Tape surveying.
- UO 5. Learn the survey plotting, construction of Map.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Introduction to surveying	06
	Basic concept and methods	
	Types of north: true north, grid north and magnetic north	
Unit II	Types of surveying	06
	Geodetic and Plane surveying	
	Triangulation and Traverse surveying	
	Topographical surveying	
Unit III	Chain & Tap Surveying	06
	Basic concept and significance	
	Instruments of Chain & Tap Surveying	
Unit IV	Methods of Chain & Tap Surveying	06
	Traverse method: closed and open method	
	Triangulation method	
Unit V	Surveying and Plotting	06
	Survey process and steps	
	Preparation of field book	
	Construction of Area Plan	

- 1. Singh L. R. Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2016.
- 2. Sarkar, A. Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Singh Gopal. Map Work and Practical Geography. Vikas Publishing, New Delhi. 2012
- 4. Singh, R.L. Elements of Practical Geography. Kalyani, New Delhi. 1991.
- 5. 'kekZ] ts-ih- % izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jLrksxh] esjB] 2016-
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Suggested Readings:

- 1. Robinson, A.H., et. al. Elements of Cartography. 6th ed. John Wiley, New York, 1995.
- 2. Misra, R.P. & A. Ramesh: Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept, New Delhi. 1989.
- 3. Monkhouse, F.J. Maps and Diagrammes. Methuen, London. 1982.
- 4. Raisz, E. General Cartography. John Wiley and Sons, New York 5th edition, 1962.

GOG-SEC-111- Introduction to Cartography								
Level&	Course	Title of the		Cree	dits		Marks	Course Coordinator
Semester	Code	Course						
L5	GOG-	Introduction	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Pawan Kumar Sharma
Sem I	SEC-	to	30	0	0	2	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. Satheesh C.
Sem 1	111	Cartography					60	Dr. Rakesh Saini
		curtography						Dr. R. B. Anuragi
								Dr. Hemant Patidar

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce the basics of cartography, their principles and applications in geographical studies.

- **2. Course Learning Outcomes:** After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
 - 1. Understand the basics of cartographical methods in representation of variable earth features and processes.
 - 2. Appreciate and understand the various principles, conventions and types of map-making.
 - 3. Generate suitable map of the area of interest for relevant studies.

- UO 1. Learn and appreciate the basics of cartography.
- UO 2. Learn about the branches of cartography.
- UO 3. Understand the historical development of cartography.
- UO 4. Know about the recent trends in cartography.
- UO 5. Learn the basics of Geo-informatics and their application.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Introduction to Cartography	06
	Cartographic problems of the Earth	
	Meaning & Definition of Cartography	
	Nature and Scope of Cartography	
Unit II	Branches of Cartography	06
	Theoretical cartography	
	Analytical cartography	
	Applied cartography	
Unit III	Development of cartography	06
	Ancient cartography	
	Medieval cartography	
	Modern cartography	
Unit IV	Recent trends in cartography	06
	Aerial photographs	
	Satellite imageries	
Unit V	Advanced techniques in cartography	06
	Basics of Remote sensing	
	Basics of GIS and GPS	
	Hands on QGIS	

- 1. Singh L. R. Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2016.
- 2. Sarkar, A. Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Singh Gopal. Map Work and Practical Geography. Vikas Publishing, New Delhi. 2012
- 4. Singh, R.L. Elements of Practical Geography. Kalyani, New Delhi. 1991.
- 5. 'kekZ] ts-ih- % izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jLrksxh] esjB] 2016-
- 6. flag] vkj-,y-% izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy ds ewyrRo] dY;k.kh] ubZ fnYyh. 1991.
- 7. feJk vkj- ,u- ,oa 'kekZ ih- ds-% izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jkor ifCyds'ku t;iqj 2019

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Robinson, A.H., et. al. Elements of Cartography. 6th ed. John Wiley, New York, 1995.
- 2. Misra, R.P. & A. Ramesh: Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept, New Delhi. 1989.
- 3. Monkhouse, F.J. Maps and Diagrammes. Methuen, London. 1982.
- 4. Raisz, E. General Cartography. John Wiley and Sons, New York 5th edition, 1962.

II Semester

GOG DSM- 121- Human Geography									
Level& Course Title of the Credits Marks Course Coordinator									
Semester	Code	Course							
L5	GOG-	Human	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Hemant Patidar	
Sem I	DSM-	Geography	60	0	0	4	EA (End Sem)- 60	Dr. R. B. Anuragi	
	121							Dr. O. P. Dubey	
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Lectures/Hrs. 60

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce students the processes and patterns of human occupance through changing state of human understanding and use of Earth's surface by employing spatial concepts and landscape analysis of human organization and its environmental consequences.

- **2. Course Learning Outcomes:** After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
- 1. Understand the basic concepts in various sub-fields of human geography;
- 2. Appreciate the growth, distribution and composition of population in different parts of the world;
- 3. Analyse the types and patterns of rural and urban settlements, urbanisation and related issues in India and other regions of the world.
- 4. Appreciate the nature and quality of human landscapes.

- UO 1. Learn about the nature and scope of human geography.
- UO 2. Know about the concept, division and distribution of human races.
- UO 3. Understand the basic characteristics and distribution of human population in the world.
- UO 4. Recognise the different types of human settlement in their geographic contexts.
- UO 5. Learn the significance of geographic spaces on international politics.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Introduction to Human Geography	12
	Meaning, Nature, scope and relevance of human Geography	
	Man–Environment relationships	
	• Cultural regions of the world: classification and its attributes	
Unit II	Human Races	12
	Human races: concept, Division characteristics and	
	Distribution human races in the world and India	
	Human Adaptation to the natural environment:	
	Eskimo, Bushman and Pigmy	
Unit III	Human Population	12
	Growth, Distribution and density of population	
	Migration: types, causes and consequences	
	Trends of urbanization	
Unit IV	Human Settlements	12
	Rural settlements: Types and patterns	
	Urban settlements: evolution and classification	
	• Theories of urban settlements	
Unit V	Geo-politics	12
	Geo-politics, Indian Ocean and World politics	
	Nation, state and nation-state	
	Frontiers and Boundaries	

- 1. Hussain Mazid, *Human geography*, Anmol Publication, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. Shelar, S. K. *Human Geography*. Chandralok Prakashan, Kanpur. 2012.
- 3. Singh, L.R. Fundamentals of Human Geography. Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2012.
- 4. Prajapati, R. V. *Principles of Human Geography*. Cyber Tech. Publication. New Delhi. 2011.
- 5. Knowles R. & Wareing J., *Economic and Social Geography*, Rupa Publication, New Delhi, 2004.
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Suggested Readings

- 1. Dikshit, R.D. Geographical Thought: A Contextual History of Ideas. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 2016.
- 2. Chandna, R.C. *Population Geography*. Kalyani Publisher, New Delhi. 2015.
- 3. Whyrne, Hammond, Charles. *Elements of Human Geography*, George Allen & Unwin, London, 1985.
- 4. Brock, J.C. & J.W. Webb, Geography of Mankind. McGraw Hills, New York. 1978.
- 5. Chisholm, M. Human Geography Evolution or Revolution. 1975
- 6. DeBlij, H.J. *Human Geography- Culture Society and Space*. John Wiley, New York, 1996.
- 7. Haggett, Peter, et al. *Locational Models*. Arnold Heinemann, 1979.
- 8. Llyod, P.E. & P. Dicken *Location in Space*. Harper & Row, London.
- 9. Smith, D.M. Human Geography A Welfare Approach. Arnold Heinemann, London, 1984.
- 10. Ambrose, Peter Analytical Human Geography. Longman, 1970.
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GOG DSM- 122- Relief Analysis and Surveying (Practical)								
Level&	Course	Title of the	Credits Marks Course Coordinator					
Semester	Code	Course						
L5	GOG-	Relief Analysis	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Satheesh C.
Sem I	DSM-	and Surveying	0	0	30	2	EA (End	Dr. Rakesh Saini
	122	(Practical)					Sem)- 60	Dr. R. B. Anuragi
		(======================================						Dr. O. P. Dubey

1. Learning Objectives:

Course Objectives: The purpose of the course is to introduce students the procedures of representation, surveying and mapping.

- 2. Course Learning Outcomes: After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
 - 1. Distinguish between various types of maps and also appreciate the elements of map;
 - 2. Appreciate how projections are applied to prepare maps from the globe;
 - 3. Understand the basic principles of surveying
 - 4. Acquire knowledge to interpretation of Topographic maps

 The purpose of the course is to introduce students the basics of map science, basic reading and interpretational skills.

- UO 1. Know and appreciate the major relief representation techniques.
- UO 2. Learn the methods of contouring and role of profiles in landscape depiction and analysis.
- UO 3. Learn about the basics of topographic maps and their classification.
- UO 4. Learn about the fundamentals of surveying.
- UO 5. Learn about the basics of chain and tape surveying.

Unit	Content	Period/Hours
Unit I	Relief representation	12
	Hachure, Shading, spot heights, and Bench Mark	
	Contours: Representation of different landforms	
	Contours interpolation	
Unit II	Contouring	12
	• Contour inspection method, Cross-section method and Gradient method	
	• Cross Profiles: Types- Serial, Superimposed, composite, projected	
	Relevance in landforms mapping and analysis	
Unit III	Topographic maps	12
	Classification and Numbering	
	Conventional Sign;	
	Interpretation of physical and cultural features	
Unit IV	Surveying	12
	Basic principles of surveying	
	Types of surveying- Geodetic and Plane	
	Triangulation and Transverse surveying	
Unit V	Chain and tape surveying	12
	Open traverse	
	Closed traverse	

• Tie line method

Essential Readings

- 1. Singh L. R. Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2016.
- 2. Singh, R.L. *Elements of Practical Geography*. Kalyani, New Delhi. 1991.
- Sarkar, A. Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2015. kekZ] ts-ih- % Singh Gopal. Map Work and Practical Geography. Vikas Publishing, New Delhi. 2012
- 4. izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jLrksxh] esjB] 2016-
- 5. feJk vkj-,u-,oa 'kekZ ih- ds-% izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jkor ifCyds'ku t;iqj 2019

Suggested Readings

- 1. Robinson, A.H, et. al. *Elements of Cartography*. 6th ed. John Wiley, New York, 1995.
- 2. Misra, R.P. & A. Ramesh: Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept, New Delhi. 1989.
- 3. Monkhouse, F.J. Maps and Diagrammes. Methuen, London. 1982.
- 4. Raisz, E. General Cartography. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 5th edition, 1962.
- 5. flag] vkj-,y-% izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy ds ewyrRo] dY;k.kh] ubZ fnYyh. 2015.

GOG-MDM-121- Resource Geography of India									
Level&	Level& Course Title of the Credits Marks Course Coordinator								
Semester	Code	Course							
L5	GOG-	Resource	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. R. B. Anuragi	
Sem I	MDM-	Geography	90	0	0	6	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. Satheesh C.	
Jem 1	121	of India					60	Dr. Hemant Patidar	

1. **Course Objectives:** The purpose of the course is to introduce students about the state and distribution of resources in India.

2. Course Learning Outcome:

After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:

- 1. Understand resource profile of the country.
- 2. Evaluate the resource base, and potential and problems of resource development in India.
- 3. Comprehend the importance of resource development and conservation in India.

- UO 1. Know the resource base and resource regions of India.
- UO 2. Know the different types of water resources and drainage systems of India.
- UO 3. Recognise the forest resources and their economic and environmental significance.
- UO 4. Learn about classification and distribution of mineral resources of India.
- UO 5. Learn about classification and distribution of power resources of India.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Resource base of India	18
	Definition and Classification	
	Resource reserves & potentials	
	Resource regions of India	
	Resource conservation	
Unit II	Water resource	18
	Ground water resource	
	Surface water resource	
	Drainage systems	
Unit III	Forest resource	18
	Classification of forests	
	Economic and Environmental Significance of forest	
	Forest resource: degradation & conservation	
Unit IV	Mineral resources	18
	Types and importance	
	metallic minerals	
	Non-metallic minerals	
Unit V	Power resources	18
	Conventional sources	
	Non-conventional sources	
	Problems and policies	

- 1. Khullar, D.r. India: A Comprehensive study kalyani pub., Luchiana, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. Tiwari, R.C., Geography of India. Allahabad: Pravalika Publication. Allahabad, 2016.
- 3. Singh Gopal. A Geography of India. Atmaram and Sons, New Delhi. 2010.
- 4. Husain, Majid, Geography of India, McGraw-Hill Com. New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. frokjh vkj- lh- Hkkjr dk Hkwxksy] bykgkckn% iz;kx iqLrd Hkou] 2016
- 6. xkSre] vydk] Hkkjr dk c`gn~ Hkwxksy] "kkjnk iqLrd Hkou] bykgkckn] 2015

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basham, A. L. The Wonder that was India. Picador, London. 2004.
- 2. Das, P.K., The Monsoon. National Book Trust of India, New Delhi. 2002.
- 3. Sharma, T.C. & Countinho O., Economic and Commercial Geography of India, Vikash Publication, New Delhi.
- 4. Singh, R. L., ed., India- A Regional Geography. N. G. S. India, Varanasi, 1971.
- 5. caly] lqjs'k pan % Hkkjr dk o`gn Hkwxksy] ehuk{kh izdk'ku] esjB 2015
- 6. pkSgku ih-vkj-Hkkjr dk c`gn Hkwxksy] olqU/kjk izdk'ku] xksj[kiqj] 2013

GOG-AEC-121- Prismatic Compass Survey								
Level&	evel& Course Title of the Credits Marks Course Coordinator							
Semester	Code	Course						
L5	GOG-	Prismatic	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. R. B. Anuragi
Sem I	AEC-	Compass	30	0	0	2	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. Satheesh C.
Sciii I	121	Survey					60	Dr. Parvendra Kumar
		Sur vey						Dr. Pawan Kumar Sharma

1. Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce methods of prismatic compass surveying.

- **2. Course Learning Outcomes :** After the completion of the course, the students will have the ability to:
 - 1. Understand the fundamentals of surveying.
 - 2. Apprise and understand method of prismatic compass surveying.
 - 3. Apply the techniques of prismatic compass surveying in preparation of area plan.

- UO 1. Learn and appreciate the basics of surveying.
- UO 2. Learn about the basics of prismatic compass surveying and types of bearing.
- UO 3. Learn about the setting of the prismatic compass for preparation of map.
- UO 4. Learn about the different methods of prismatic compass surveying.
- UO 5. Learn the survey plotting, construction and corrections in bearing.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Introduction to surveying	06
	Basic concept and methods	
	Basic methods of surveying	
	Plane & Geodetic Open and Closed Traverse	
Unit II	Prismatic Surveying	06
	Basic concept, methods and significance	
	Instruments of Prismatic Surveying	
	• Types of bearing: Whole Cricle Bearing and Quadrant	
	Bearing	
	True, Magnetic and Assumed bearing	
Unit III	Prismatic Surveying Process	06
	Setting of the prismatic compass	
	Reading of bearing	
	Preparation of field book	
Unit IV	Methods of Prismatic Surveying	06
	Radiation Method	
	Intersection Method	
	Traverse (Open and Closed) Method	
	Resection Method	
Unit V	Surveying and Plotting	06
	Correction of bearings	
	Construction of Area Plan	
	Merits & Demerits of Prismatic Surveying	

- 1. Singh L. R. Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2016.
- 2. Sarkar, A. Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Singh Gopal. Map Work and Practical Geography. Vikas Publishing, New Delhi. 2012
- 4. Singh, R.L. Elements of Practical Geography. Kalyani, New Delhi. 1991.
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Suggested Readings:

- 1. Robinson, A.H., et. al. Elements of Cartography. 6th ed. John Wiley, New York, 1995.
- 2. Misra, R.P. & A. Ramesh: Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept, New Delhi. 1989.
- 3. Monkhouse, F.J. Maps and Diagrammes. Methuen, London. 1982.
- 4. Raisz, E. General Cartography. John Wiley and Sons, New York 5th edition, 1962.

GOG-SEC-121- Introduction to Statistical Methods in Geography								
Level&	Course	Title of the	Credits Marks Course Coordinator					
Semester	Code	Course						
L5	GOG-	Introduction	L	T	P	C	IA (Mid)-40	Dr. Pawan Kumar Sharma
Sem I	SEC-121	to Statistical	30	0	0	2	EA (End Sem)-	Dr. Hemant Patidar
		Methods in					60	Dr. Satheesh C.
		Geography						Dr. Rakesh Saini

Learning Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to introduce the students the basic statistical methods and their applicability in geographical studies.

Course Learning Outcomes: After the completion of course, the students will have ability to:

- 1. Understand the basic concept, types and formats of data.
- 2. Understand the basic statistical methods for data analysis.
- 3. Analyse and interpret geographical variables with appropriate statistical techniques.

- UO 1. Learn and appreciate the major data types.
- UO 2. Learn about the techniques of data tabulation and classification.
- UO 3. Learn the measures of central tendency and their application.
- UO 4. Learn about measures of dispersion and application.
- UO 5. Learn about the measures of correlation.

Unit	Content	Lecture/Period
Unit I	Introduction to Data	12
	Meaning & Definitions	
	Types of Data: Primary & Secondary	
	Types of data series	
Unit II	Tabulation and Classification	12
	Classification and Tabulation of data	
	• Representation of data: Histogram, frequency polygon,	
	Ogive curve	
Unit III	Measures of Central Tendency	12
	Arithmetic mean	
	Median	
	Mode	
Unit IV	Measures of dispersion	12
	Range	
	Mean deviation	
	Standard deviation	
Unit V	Measures of Correlation	12
	Scatter diagram	
	Karl Pearson's Correlation	
	Spearman's Rank Correlation	

- 1. Mahmood Aslam. Statistical Methods in Geographical Studies, Rajesh Publication. New Delhi. 2016.
- 2. Singh L. R. Fundamentals of Practical Geography, Sharda Pustak Bhawan, Allahabad, 2016.
- 3. Sarkar, A. Practical geography: A systematic approach. Orient Black Swan Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 4. Singh Gopal. Map Work and Practical Geography. Vikas Publishing, New Delhi. 2012
- 5. Gupta, S.P. Advanced Practical Statistics, Sultan Chand and Company, New Delhi. 1998.
- 6. Zamir, A. Statistical Geography: Methods and Applications, Rawat Publications, Jaipur. 2003.
- 7. Mahmood, A. Statistical Methods in Geographical Studies, Rajesh Publications, New Delhi. 1986.
- 8. 'kekZ] ts-ih- izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jLrksxh] esjB] 2016-
- 9. feJk vkj-,u-,oa 'kekZ ih- ds-% izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy] jkor ifCysd'ku t;iqj 2019

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bhagwathi, V. and Pillai, R.S.N. Practical Statistics, Sultan Chand and Company, New Delhi. 2003.
- 2. Robinson, A.H. et. al.: Elements of Cartography. 6th ed. John Wiley, New York, 1995.
- 3. Singh, R.L. Elements of Practical Geography. Kalyani, New Delhi. 1991.
- 4. Misra, R.P. & A. Ramesh. Fundamentals of Cartography. Concept, New Delhi. 1989.
- 5. Monkhouse, F.J. Maps and Diagrammes. Methuen, London. 1982.
- 6. Ebdon, D. Statistics in Geography: A Practical Approach, Blackwell Publishers Inc., Massachusetts. 1977.
- 7. Gregory, S. Statistical Methods and the Geographer, Longman, London. 1973.
- 8. Raisz, E. General Cartography. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 5th edition, 1962.
- 9. flag] vkj-,y- izk;ksfxd Hkwxksy ds ewyrRo] dY;k.kh] ubZ fnYyh. 2015.

Essential e-Resources

- 1. Statistical methods for geography | WorldCat.org
- 2. 18MAG23C-U1.pdf (gacbe.ac.in)
- 3. Sample Chapter: Elementary Statistics for Geographers: Third Edition (guilford.com)

<u>Learning Outcomes-based Curriculum Framework for Undergraduate Education (2020), UGC, New</u> Delhi

Qualification descriptors for a Bachelor's Degree programme:

The students who complete one/two/three years of full-time study of an undergraduate programme of study will be awarded a Certificate/Diploma/Bachelor's Degree.

Some of the expected learning outcomes that a student should be able to demonstrate on completion of a Certificate/Diploma/Degree -level programme may include the following:

• Demonstrate:

- (i) a fundamental/systematic or coherent understanding of an academic field of study, its different learning areas and applications, and its linkages with related disciplinary areas/subjects;
- (ii) procedural knowledge that creates different types of professionals related to the disciplinary/subject area of study, including research and development, teaching and government and public service;
- (iii) skills in areas related to one's specialization and current developments in the academic field of study.
- Use knowledge, understanding and skills required for identifying problems and issues, collection of relevant quantitative and/or qualitative data drawing on a wide range of sources, and their application, analysis and evaluation using methodologies as appropriate to the subject(s) for formulating evidence-based solutions and arguments;
- Communicate the results of studies undertaken in an academic field accurately in a range of different contexts using the main concepts, constructs and techniques of the subject(s);
- Meet one's own learning needs, drawing on a range of current research and development work and professional materials;
- Apply one's disciplinary knowledge and transferable skills to new/unfamiliar contexts, rather than replicate curriculum content knowledge, to identify and analyse problems and issues and solve complex problems with well-defined solutions.
- Demonstrate subject-related and transferable skills that are relevant to some of the job trades and employment opportunities.