# DRAFT SYLLABUS FOR B.A. PROGRAMME with

# SOCIOLOGY



# DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

DR.HARISINGH GOUR VISHWAVIDYALAYA, SAGAR (M.P.)

(A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)

2018-19

# BA Sociology 2018-19

Semester	CORE Course	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) (2)	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) (2)	Discipline Specific Elective DSE (4)	Generic Elective GE (2)
I	soc-cc-111				
II	SOC-CC- 211				
III	soc-cc- 311		SOC-SE-311		
IV	SOC- CC- 411		SOC- SE- 411		
V			SOC-SE-511	SOC- EC-511 SOC- EC-512	SOC- GE- 511
VI	SOC- SE-611		SOC- SE-611	SOC-EC-611 SOC-EC-612	SOC- GE- 611

A. Core	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	Credit
Courses			
1	SOC -CC- 111	Introduction to Sociology	06
2	SOC- CC -211	Sociology of India	06
3	SOC - CC -311	Sociological Thought	06
4	SOC- CC-411	Methods of Sociological Inquiry	06
<b>Total Papers</b>	s (04)	Total Credits: 24	1
B.DisciplineSp	pecificElectiveCourses: EC		
1	SOC - EC -511	Sociology of Family in India	06
OR	SOC- EC-512	Sociology of Rural Society	06
2	SOC – EC- 611	Sociology of Development	06
OR	SOC – EC- 612	Indian Social Problem	06
Total Papers	s (02)	Total Credits: 12	
C.SkillEnhand	cementCourses SE		
1	SOC- SE -311	Social Philosophy of Dr. Harising	02
		Gour	
1 2 3	SOC- SE-311 SOC- SE-411 SOC - SE-511	Gour Sociology of Human Rights Sociology of local Institution	02 02 02
2	SOC- SE-411	Gour Sociology of Human Rights	02
2 3	SOC- SE-411 SOC - SE -511	Gour Sociology of Human Rights Sociology of local Institution management Sociology of farming and food grain	02 02
2 3 4 5 Total Papers	SOC- SE-411 SOC - SE -511 SOC - SE -611 SOC - SE -611	Gour Sociology of Human Rights Sociology of local Institution management Sociology of farming and food grain management	02 02
2 3 4 5 Total Papers	SOC - SE - 411 SOC - SE - 511 SOC - SE - 611 SOC - SE - 611	Gour Sociology of Human Rights Sociology of local Institution management Sociology of farming and food grain management Field Dissertation  Total Credits: 08	02 02 02
2 3 4 5 Total Papers	SOC- SE-411 SOC - SE -511 SOC - SE -611	Gour Sociology of Human Rights Sociology of local Institution management Sociology of farming and food grain management Field Dissertation  Total Credits: 08	02 02 02 02
2 3 4 5 Total Papers	SOC - SE - 411 SOC - SE - 511 SOC - SE - 611 SOC - SE - 611	Gour Sociology of Human Rights Sociology of local Institution management Sociology of farming and food grain management Field Dissertation  Total Credits: 08	02 02 02

S.No.	Papers	Credits
1	Core Papers	24
2	Elective Papers	12
3	Skill Enhancement	08
4	Generic Electives	12
Total		56

#### **Scheme of Examination 2018-19**

(a) Mid Semester Examination: 20 Marks(b) Internal Assessment: 20 Marks(c) End Semester Exam: 60 Marks

# B) Assessment:

#### I) Internal Assessment

## a) Theory

Each theory course must clearly mention the methodology of assessment i.e. assignment, presentation, group discussion etc. depending on the number of student in the class and feasibility of adopting a particular methodology. The distribution of marks for internal assessments shall be as follows.

(i) Evaluation of the assignment,

Presentation, Group discussion etc : 15 Marks
(ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

75% and below : 00 Marks (i) > 75% and upto 80% (ii) : 01 Marks >80% and upto 85% : 02 Marks (iii) (iv) >85% and upto 90% : 03 Marks >90% and upto 95% : 04 Marks (v) (vi) > 95%: 05 Marks

The introductory note must also mention that to be eligible to appear in End semester Examination a student must appear in Mid Semester Examination and Internal Assessment.

# b) Practical / Lab Courses:

- 1. Evaluation of Practical / Lab Courses shall be as follows:
- (i) Performing an getting the experiment checked regularly and

Incorporating the suggestion in the practical note book : 15 Marks (ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

(vii)	75% and below	: 00 Marks
(viii)	> 75% and upto 80%	: 01 Marks
(ix)	>80% and upto 85%	: 02 Marks
(x)	>85% and upto 90%	: 03 Marks
(xi)	>90% and upto 95%	: 04 Marks

(xii) >95% : 05 Marks

C) End Semester Examination Practical / Lab Courses:

It will consist of 60 marks as follows:

(a) Assessment of performing in the Experiment : 50 Marks

(b) Viva-Voce of Experiment : 10 Marks

# D) Evaluation of Project:

It will be based on periodic assessment of the progress of the project and End Semester Examination as follows:

(i) First periodic assessment of the progress after 08 weeks : 20 Marks

(ii) Second assessment of the progress after 08 weeks : 20 Marks

(iii) End Semester Examination will consist of

(a) Evaluation of the project report : 50 Marks

(b) Viva-voce of project report :10 Marks

# E) Evaluation of field work:

It will be evaluated as follows:

(i) Performing in the field work aptitude : 40 Marks

(ii) End Semester Examination

(a) Evaluation of the report on the field work : 50 Marks
(b) Viva-voce on the report :10 Marks

F) Evaluation of Seminars:

1. Documentation of the seminar: 20 Marks2. First presentation of the seminar: 20 Marks3. End Semester Examination: 60 Marks

End Semester Examination will consists:

(i) Presentation of the seminar
 (ii) Defense of the presentation
 : 50 Marks
 : 10 Marks

#### SOC - CC - 111 Introduction to Sociology

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

This introductory paper is intended to acquaint the students with sociology as a social science and the distinctiveness of its approach among the social sciences.

Unit-1 Introduction to sociology

Meaning and Definition of Sociology, Nature and Scope of Sociology.

Relation of Sociology with other social Sciences

Pol.Science, Economics, Anthropology, History, Psychology, Social work

Unit-II Sociological Concepts -I

Groups, Community

Associations and Institution

Unit-III Sociological Concepts- II

Role, Status

Socialization

Unit-IV Sociological Concepts -III

Culture

Structure

**Function** 

Unit-V Sociological Concepts-IV

Social Control

Social Change

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Bottomere T.B. 1972 . Sociology: A guicle to Problems and Literature. Allen and Unwin (India).
- 2. Dube, S.C. 2002. Manav Aur Sanskriti (H). New Delhi.
- 3. Harlambos M. 1998. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. Dew Delhi Oxford University Press.

- 1. Inkeles Alex, What is Sociology? New Delhi Prentice- Hall of India.
- 2. Johnson Harry M. 1995. Sociology A Systematic Introduction New Delhi Allied Publishers
- 3. Sankar Rao, C.N. Introduction to Sociology (Hindi Edition)
- 4 प्रो. एम.एल. गुप्ता, डॉ. डी. डी. शर्मा, समाजशास्त्र का परिचय
- 5. डॉ. जी. के. अग्रवाल, समाजशास्त्र का परिचय.
- 6 डॉ. पोथन, डॉ. टोंग्या, समाजशास्ज्ञत्र कव मूलाधार

#### SOC-CC-211 Sociology of India

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

The diversity in Indian society and the continuity between past and present is the major focus of the course. The course familiarizes students with the Indian social system and cultural value system and its various social institutions.

Unit-I Structure of Indian Society

Demographic Profile

Unity and Diversity in India

Unit-II Classical Indian Institutional and Ideology

Varn and Ashram Vyavastha

Purushartha

Unit-III Institutions and practices

Family,

Marriage and kinship

Unit-IV Social Stratification

Caste, Class

Dominant Caste, Patriarchy

Unit-V Colonialism and Change

Colonial intervention and social change in India

Nationalism in India

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Beteille, A. 1974. Social Inequality New Delhi OUP
- 2. Dube, S,C. 2002. Indian Society. Delhi National Publishing house.
- 3. Sharma, S.N. 1998. "Indian Society" (H) Agra. Agra book Store.

- 1. Beteille, A. 1992. Backward Classes in Contemporary India. New Delhi OUP.
- 2. Srinivas, M.N. (ed.). 1996. Caste: It's Twentieth Century Avatar. New Delhi: Penguin.
- 3. शर्मा, के.एल. भारतीय सामाजिक संरचना एवं परिवर्तन, रावत पब्लिकेशन, 2006
- 4. आहुजा, राम, भारतीय सामाजिक व्यवस्था, रावत पब्लिकेशन, 1995

#### SOC - CC - 311 Sociological Thought

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

This course is intended to familiarize the students with the social, political, economic and intellectual contexts in which sociology emerged as distinctive discipline. Its objective is to help students gain an understanding of the classical contributions in sociology and their contemporary relevance.

Unit-I Auguste Comte

Law of three stages

Positivism

Unit-II Emile Durkheim

Social fact, Suicide

Theory of Division of Labour

Unit-III Max Weber

Social Action, Ideal types

Power, Authority

Unit-IV Karl Marx

Historical Materialism

Class struggle

Unit-V Vilfredo Pareto

Logical and Non Logical action

Circulation of Elite

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Aron, Raymond-Main Currents in Sociological thought (2 volumes) Harmon's worth, Middlesex: Penguin Books, 1968
- 2. Morrrison, Ken; Marx. Durkhien, Weber. Formation of Modern Social Thought London Sage, 1995

- 1. Jayram N.- Sociology: Method & Theory, Macmillon: Madras 1989
- Beteille A and T.N.Madan- Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork,
   Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1975
- 3. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah- Fieldworker and the field oxford, Delhi, 1979
- 4. मुस्तफा हुसैन, सामाजशास्त्रीय विचार, ब्लैकश्वान ओरियंट पब्लिकेशन
- 5. दोषी एवं जैन, उच्चतर समाजशास्त्रीय सिद्धांत, रावत पिंड्लिकशन्स

#### SOC-CC-411 Methods of Sociological Enquiry

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

This course aims to provide an introduction to the fundamentals of various social research techniques and methods. Its main objective is to provide an understanding of the nature of social phenomena and the issues involved in social research.

Unit-I The Logic of Social Research

Sociological Research

Objectivity in Social Science

Unit-II Scientific method

Theory and Fact

Hypothesis

Unit-III Scientific method

Variable

Primary and Secondary sources of Data Collection

Sampling

Unit-IV Tools and Techniques

Questionnaire, Schedule Interview, Observation

Case Study

Unit-V Modes of Enquiry

Quantitative and Qualitative methods

Analysis of Data

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Jayaram, N. 1989. Sociology: Methods and Theory. (Madras: Mac Millian)
- 2. Kothari, C.R. 1989. Research Methodology: methods and Techniques. (Bangalore: Wiley Eastern).
- 3. Young, P.V. 1988 "Scientific Social Surveys and research. New Delhi: Prentice Hall).

- 1. Jayram N.- Sociology: Method & Theory, Macmillon: Madras 1989
- 2. Beteille A and T.N.Madan- Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1975
- 3. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah-Fieldworker and the field oxford, Delhi, 1979
- 4. हरीकृष्ण रावत, सामाजिक अनुसंधान, रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
- 5 लाल दास, डी के. , सामाजिक शोध : सिद्धांत एवं व्यवहार, रावत पब्लिकेशन्स, 2017

#### SOC- EC-511 Sociology of Family in India

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

Unit I Family

Meaning and definition

Types of family

Family and household Family structure in India

Unit II Marriage

Rules of Marriage: Endogamy, Exogamy, Prescriptive and Preferential Marriage, Monogamy, Polygamy, Levirate and Sororate, Hypogamy and Hypergamy; Marriage

transactions: Dowry and Bride-wealth

Unit III Kinship

Basic concepts: Incest, Affiliation, Consanguinity, Affinity, Clan, Lineage, Kindered;

Kinship and Descent: Unilineal, Double and Cognatic descent

Unit IV Changes in Indian Family

Change in structure and function

Change and continuity in Indian family value

Unit: V Current Issues in Indian Family

Intergenerational Gap and Tension; Changing nature of Marriage in India

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Madan, T.N. 1965. Family and Kinship: A Study of the Pandits of Rural Kashmir. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- 2. .
- 3. Karve, Iravati. 1968. Kinship Organisation in India. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.

- 1. Shah, A.M. 1998. The Family in India: Critical Essays. New Delhi: Orient Longman
- 2. Gore, M.S. 1990. Urbanisation and Family Change in India. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- 3. गर्ग, देवेन्द्र, भारत में परिवार, विवाह और नातेदारी, रित्र पब्लिकेशन, 2012.

# SOC - EC-512 Sociology of Rural Society

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

Unit-I Rural Sociology:

Meaning, Scope, Subject Matter and Importance of Rural Sociology.

Unit-II Rural Social Structure:

Jajmani System, Inter Caste Relations,

Caste Factions, and Emerging Class Relations.

Unit-III Rural Power Structure:

Traditional Caste and Village

Panchayats; Panchayati Raj Institutions and Empowerment of Rural Women,

Rural Leadership-Meaning, and Changing Patterns.

Unit-IV Rural Economy:

Land Tenure System, Land Reforms,

Green Revolution and its impact, Commercialization of Agriculture.

Unit-V Change in rural society

Rural Family - Concept and characteristics, Change

Caste and Class in Indian Village

Rural Migration.

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Desai, A.R. 1979 Rural India in Transition, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
- 2. Desai, A.R. 1996 Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
- 3. Dube, S.C. 1988 India's Changing Village, Himalayan Publishing House, Bombay.

- 1. Maheshwari, S.R. 1985 Rural Development in India, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Marriot, McKim(ed.) 1995 Village India: Studies in the Little Community, University Press, Chicago.
- 3. Pradhan, P.K. 1988 Land, Labour and Rural Poverty, Himalayan Publishing House, Bombay.
- 4. Singh, K.S. 1982 People of India.
- 5. ए.आर. देसाई, ग्रामीण समाजशास्त्र, रावत पब्लिकेशन
- 6. डॉ धर्मवीर महाजन, डॉ. कमलेश महाजन, ग्रामीण एवं नगरीय समाजशास्त्र,

# **SOC – EC- 611 Sociology of Development**

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

Unit-I Development

Growth, Development and Change History of Development Studies

Unit-II Models of Development

Capitalist, Socialist, Mixed Economy, and Gandhian.

Unit-III Development in India

Policies, Programmes and Strategies for Development of Scheduled Castes,

Scheduled Tribes and Women.

Unit-IV Trends in Global Development

Neoliberalism

Globalisation: Issues and Challenges

Unit-V NGOs and Development

NGO as a development partner NGOs and Marginalised section

#### Essential Readings:

1. Amin, Samir 1979 Unequal Development. Oxford University Press, New York.

- 2. Hoogvelt, Ankie 1998 The Sociology of Development. Macmillan, London.
- 3. Desai, A.R. 1993 India's Path of Development : A Marxist Approach. Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
- 4. D'Souza, V.S. 1991 Development Planning and Structural Inequalities in India.

- 1. Dube, S.C. 1988 Modernization and Development: The Search for Alternatives Paradigms. Vistar Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Pimplay, P.N. et al. 1988 Social Development: Processes and Consequences.
- 3. Sharma, S.L. 1990 Development : Socio-Cultural Dimensions. Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 4. Srivastava, S.P. 1998 The Development Debate. Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 5. परिवर्तन एवं विकास का समाजशास्त्र, डॉ. जयराम बैरवा, आई.बी. पी. पब्लिकेशन, 2014
- 6. विकास का समाजशास्त्र, इंग्नू, इंग्नू पब्लिकेशन, 2010

# SOC- EC- 612 Social problems in India

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

Unit - I Social Problem

Definition and Concept

Sociological Perspective to social problem

Unit -11 Social Issues

Casteism and Untouchability, Regionalism, and Communalism

Unit - III Contemporary Problems

Female Foeticide, Dowry, Divorce

Unemployment (Their Meaning, Causes and Remedies)

Unit - IV Social Disorganization

Juvenile Delinquency, Alcoholism, Suicide

Inter Generational Conflict

Unit - V Social Control

Meaning and Definition

Forms & Agencies.

#### Essential Readings:

- 1. Ahuja, Ram 2011 Social Problems in India, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 2. Bereman, G.D. 1979 Caste and Other Inequality: Essay in Inequality, Folklore Institute Meerut.
- 3. Beteille, Andre 1974 Social Inequality, New Delhi.
- 4. Desai, Neera & Usha Thakkar 2007 Women in Indian Society National Book Trust, New Delhi.

- 1. Dube, Leela 1997 Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspective on Gender in South and Southeast Asia, Sage Publication New Delhi.
- 2. Hortaon, Paul B. 1971 Studies in Sociology of Social Problems, Appleton Century Crofts, New York.
- 3. आहजा राम, भारतीय सामाजिक समस्याएं

# SOC –SE- 311 Social Philosophy of Dr Harisingh Gour

Credit-02, Hours-30 (2x15)

Dr. Harisingh Gour, founder of Dr. Harisingh Gour Vishwavidyalaya Sagar, was the first Vice-Chancellor of Delhi University, besides being an educationist and vidhivetta, he was also known as a social activist. His contribution in education and social development is memorable. This paper focused on his social philosophy.

Unit I	Unit I Socio-economic Background				
	Family Academic Background				
Unit I	I- Socio-political Philosophy of Dr. Harishing Gour				
	Humanistic Ideas and Spirit of Buddhism Social Justice and Political Philosophy				
Unit I	II- Dr. Harishing Gour and Social Development				
	Views on Hindu Marriage System Contribution in Educational Development				

- 1. Gour, H.S. 1919. Hindu Code
- 2. Gour, H.S. 1929. The Spirit of Buddhism
- 3. Gour, H.S. 1947. India and the New Constitution
- 4. Gour, H.S. 1942. Renaissance of India
- 5. Gour, H.S. Seven Lives

# **SOC-SE-411 Sociology of Human Rights**

Credit-03, Hours-90 (2x15)

Human rights have not only interference in economic and political life of people but also in their socio-cultural life. In this way it contributes in social conformity. The broad objective of this paper is to make student familiar with socio-cultural aspects of human rights.

Unit I-	· Philosophy and History of Human Rights		
	Philosophical Aspects Historical Background		
Unit II	I- Classification of Human Rights		
	Civil and Political Rights Economic and Socio-cultural Rights		
Unit II	II- Violation of Human Rights		
	Violation by State and Non-state Actor Effort to prevent Violation of Human Rights		
Essential Readings:			

- 1. Donnelly Jack, Universal Human Rights: In theory and Practice, Rawat Publication.
- 2. Chatterjee Debi, Dalit Rights / Human Rights, Rawat Publication.
- 3. Bajwa, G.S., Human Rights in India: Implementations and Violations, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1995.
- 4. David P. Foresythe, Human Rights and World Politics, Oxford Publications, New York, 1990.

- 5. Chaudhary, R.G., State and Rights of Man, Metropolitan Book Company, New Delhi, 1971
- 6. Jack Donelly, The Concept of Human Rights, Croom Helm, London 1985.
- 7. Gearty, Conor, Principles of Human Rights Adjudication, New York, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 8. कोठारी, अनीता, भारतीय समाज एवं मानवाधिकार, आदि पब्लिकेशन, 2012.

# **SOC-SE-511 Sociology of Local Institution Management**

Credit-02, Hours-30 (2x15)

The desired goal of development is being achieved through PRIs under the development model of Decentralization of Power in India. This paper will provide the basic information of PRIs and its achievements to the students.

Unit I	- Institution & Management
	Meaning of Institution & Management Customize Work and Expertise
Unit I	I- Relation and Function of Management
	Function of Elected Representatives Relation Between Elected Representatives
Unit I	II- Affordability
	Desire, Enthusiasm and Goal Orientation Leadership Quality Mobilization Skill
Essen	tial Readings:
	1. Marsh, R. 2003. Working with Local Institutions to Support Sustainable Livelihoods 2. Joseph, M. 2007. Local Governance in India: Ideas, Challenges, and Strategies 4.
Addit	ional Readings:
1. 2.	

3. महिपाल, पंचायतीराजः चुनौतियाँ एवं संभावनाएं, नेशनल बुक ट्रस्ट

4. वंदना बंसल, पंचायतीराज में महिला भागीदारी, कल्पास पब्लिकेशन

# SOC- SE- 611 Sociology of Farming & Food Grain Management

Credit-02, Hours-30 (x15)

Rural agrarian institutions is a rural social life based on household management and decision making, kinship network, village solidarity and a cultural relationship between land and human being. The process of modernization and the globalization have a large socio-economic and cultural impact on the traditional agrarian social institutions and livelihood management. This course aims to familiarize students with the traditional farming and indigenous knowledge system and the market management in rural society.

Unit I	- Management
	Concept and Meaning Process of Production
Unit I	I Manufacturing, Production and Control
	Strategy Efficiency and Effectiveness
Unit I	II <b>M</b> arket Relation
	Production, Distribution and Purchasing Quality, Supply-Chain, Role of Co-operative Society
Unit I	V- Service Management
	Facilities, Enterprise Resource Hiring and Consultancy, Reliability Advertisement
Essent	tial Readings:
	1. Kalhon, A.S. 1980. Economics of farm management in India: theory and practice 2. Prentice-Hall of India, 1981. Elements of Farm Management

3. Boss, A. 2004. Modern Farm Management

# **SOC- GE- 511 Polity and society**

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

Unit I: Introduction

Relationship between State and Society Introduction to constitution of India

Unit-II: Basic Concepts

Power Authority Legitimacy Democracy

Unit- III: Political Parties

Meaning

Nature and types

Unit- IV State and society in India

Caste and politics Religion and Politics Regionalism and politics

Unit-V: Local Self Government

PRI: meaning and nature

Organizational structure and local participation

- 1. Andersen, Walter K. & Shridar D. Damle. 1987. The Brotherhood in Saffron: The Rashtriya Sayamsevak Sangh & Hindu Revivalism. Boulder: Westview.
- 2. Adeney, K and Saez, L. 2005. Coalition politics and Hindu nationalism. London: Routledge.
- 3. Beteille, Andre. 1997. Society and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Additional Readings:
  - 1. Bose, Sujata et-al. (eds.). 1997. Nationalism, Democracy and Development: State and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
  - 2. Kumar, Girish. 2006. Local Democracy in India: Interpreting Decentralization. New Delhi: Sage.
  - 3. शर्मा, शशि , राजनैतिक समाजशास्त्रत्र की रूपरेखा, 2015
  - 4. कोटारी, रजनी, भारत में राजनीति : कल और आज, 2010

#### **SOC- GE- 611 Social Welfare in India**

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

Unit I Concept of Welfare

Fundamental Rights and Duties; Human rights; Concept of social welfare and Social Security

Unit II History of Social Welfare

History of Social Welfare and Social work in India

Unit-III: Social Welfare and Development Programmes:

Child Development, Youth Development,

Women's Empowerment, Welfare of the Aged,

Welfare of Handicapped,

Welfare of Backward Classes with Special Reference to Scheduled

Castes/Scheduled Tribes, Labour Welfare

Unit IV Central Social Welfare Board

Structure and Functioning,

Social Welfare Agencies: Government and Non-Government Organizations,

Unit-V: Social welfare Policies in India

Social Defense Programmes and Services

Social Welfare Services under Five Year Plans

#### Essential readings:

- 1. Kulharni, P.D. Social Policy and Social Development in India. Madras. ASSWI.1979.
- 2. Pathak, S. Social welfare: An Evolutionary and Development, Perspective, Delhi: McMillan, 1981.
- 3. Patil, B.R. The Economics of Social welfare in India, Bombay, Somayya, 1978
- 4. Bhatia, K.L. Law and Social Change Towards 21<sup>st</sup> Century, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1994

- 1. Shams Shamsuddin. Women, Law and Social Change, New Delhi, Ashish Publishing House, 1991.
- 2. Ramchandran, P. Research & Statistics for (2000). Social Work: Secundarabud Andharapradesh Social services society.
- 3. सिंह, डी.के., भारत में समाज कल्याणः अवधारणा, प्रशासन एवं कार्यक्रम, न्यू रायल बुक कम्पनी, 2011.
- 4. दुबे, डॉ. प्रीति, भारत में समाज कल्याण, कैलाश पुस्तक सदन, भोपाल, 2016.

#### SOC -CC-111 समाजशास्त्र का परिचय

Credit-06, Hours-90 (6x15)

परिचयात्मक पेपर का उद्देश्य छात्रों से सामाजिक विज्ञान के रूप में समाजशास्त्र का परिचय करना है तथा सामाजिक विज्ञान से पृथक विज्ञान के रूप में प्रस्तुत करना है।

- **इकाई**—1 समाजशास्त्र का अर्थ और परिभाषा, समाजशास्त्र का प्रकृति और क्षेत्र, समाजशास्त्र का अन्य सामाजिक विज्ञान से संबंध राजनीति विज्ञान, अर्थशास्त्र, मानवशास्त्र, इतिहास, मनोविज्ञान समाजकार्य ।
- इकाई-2 समाजशास्त्रीय अवधारणायें I समूह, समुदाय, समिति और संस्थायें
- इकाई-3 समाजशास्त्रीय अवधारणायें II भूमिका, प्रस्थिति समाजीकरण
- इकाई-4 समाजशास्त्रीय अवधारणायें III संस्कृति, संरचना, प्रकार्य
- **इकाई–5** समाजशास्त्रीय अवधारणायें IV सामाजिक नियंत्रण, सामाजिक परिवर्तन

#### Essential Readings:

- 4. Bottomere T.B. 1972. Sociology: A guicle to Problems and Literature. Allen and Unwin (India).
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- 4 प्रो. एम.एल. गुप्ता, डॉ. डी. डी. शर्मा, समाजशास्त्र का परिचय
- 5. डॉ. जी. के. अग्रवाल, समाजशास्त्र का परिचय.
- 6 डॉ. पोथन, डॉ. टोंग्या, समाजशास्ज्ञत्र कव मूलाधार

#### SOC -CC-211 भारत का समाजशास्त्र

Credit-06 Hours-90

इस पाठ्यक्रम में भारतीय समाज की विविधता तथा भूतकाल और वर्तमानकाल की निरंतरता पर मुख्य केन्द्रित किया गया है। यह पाठ्यक्रम विद्यार्थियों का भारतीय सामाजिक व्यवस्था तथा सांस्कृतिक मूल्य व्यवस्था और उनकी विभिन्न सामाजिक संस्थाओं से परिचय करवाता है।

इकाई—1	भारतीय समाज की संरचना	18 घंटे
	जनांकिकीय ढांचा, भारत में एकता एवं विविधता	
इकाई—2	शास्त्रीय भारतीय संस्थायें और विचारधारा वर्ण और आश्रम व्यवस्था पुरूषार्थ	18 घंटे
इकाई—3	संस्थायें और अभ्यास, परिवार, विवाह और नातेदारी	18 घंटे
इकाई–4	सामाजिक स्तरीकरण जाति, वर्ग, प्रभुजाति, पितृसत्तात्मक	18 घंटे
इकाई–5	उपनिवेशवाद और परिवर्तन	18 घंटे
	उपनिवेशवादी हस्तक्षेप और भारत में सामाजिक परिवर्तन भारत में राष्ट्रवाद	

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- 8. आहुजा, राम, भारतीय सामाजिक व्यवस्थाअ, रावत पब्लिकेशन, 1995

#### SOC -CC-311 समाजशास्त्रीय विचार

इस पाठ्यक्रम का उद्देश्य छात्रों का सामाजिक, राजनैतिक, आर्थिक और बौद्धिक रूप से

Credit-06 Hours-90 (6X15)

परिचय करवाना है जिससे समाजशास्त्र एक पृथक विषय के रूप में उदय हुआ है। इसका उद्देश्य छात्रों को शास्त्रीय योगदान समझाना और उनका वर्तमान प्रासंगिकता समझाना है। इकाई-1 अगस्त काम्टे 18 घंटे तीन स्तरों का नियम प्रत्यक्षवाद इकाई-2 इमाईल दुर्खीम 18 घंटे सामाजिक तथ्य, आत्महत्या, श्रम विभाजन का सिद्धाँत इकाई-3 मैक्स बेबर 18 घंटे सामाजिक क्रिया, आदर्श प्रारूप शक्ति, सत्ता डकाई-4 कार्ल मार्क्स 18 घंटे ऐतिहासिक भौतिकवाद वर्ग संघर्ष डकाई-5 बिवफ्रेडो पैरेडो तार्किक और अतार्किक क्रिया संभातजन का परिभ्रमण

#### Essential Readings:

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- 4. Jayram N.- Sociology: Method & Theory, Macmillon: Madras 1989
- 5. Beteille A and T.N.Madan- Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1975
- 6. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah-Fieldworker and the field oxford, Delhi, 1979
- 4. मुस्तफा हुसैन, सामाजशास्त्रीय विचार, ब्लैकश्वान ओरियंट पब्लिकेशन
- 5. दोषी एवं जैन, उच्चतर समाजशास्त्रीय सिद्धांत, रावत पिंड्सलकेशन्स

#### SOC -CC-411 समाजशास्त्रीय परीक्षण की विधियाँ

Credit-06 Hours-90 (6X15)

इस पाठ्यक्रम का उद्देश्य सामाजिक अनुसंधान की विभिन्न तकनीकियों तथा विधियों का आधारभूत परिचय करवाना है। इसका मुख्य लक्ष्य सामाजिक प्रघटना की प्रकृति को समझना और सामाजिक अनुसंधान के मुद्दों को समझना है।

इकाई-1 सामाजिक अनुसंधान में तर्क 18 घंटे समाजशास्त्रीय अनुसंधान, सामाजिक विज्ञान में वस्तुनिष्ठता वैज्ञानिक पद्धति इकाई-2 18 घंटे सिद्धाँत और तथ्य उपकल्पना इकाई-3 वैज्ञानिक पद्धति पर तथ्य संग्रहण के प्राथमिक और द्वितीयक स्रोत निदर्शन 18 घंटे इकाई-4 उपकरण और तकनीकी 18 घंटे प्रश्नावली, अनुसूचि, साक्षात्कार, अवलोकन व्यक्तिक अध्ययन पद्धति इकाई-5 परीक्षण की विधियाँ, संख्यात्मक तथा गुणात्मक विधियाँ तथ्यों का विश्लेषण

#### Essential Readings:

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- 2. Beteille A and T.N.Madan- Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1975
- 3. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah- Fieldworker and the field oxford, Delhi, 1979
- 4. हरीकृष्ण रावत, सामाजिक अनुसंधान, रावत पब्लिकेशन्स
- 5 लाल दास, डी के. , सामाजिक शोध : सिद्धांत एवं व्यवहार, रावत पब्लिकेशन्स, 2017

# SOC -EC-511 भारत में परिवार का समाजशास्त्र

Credit-06 Hours-90 (6X15)

- **इकाई**—1 परिवार, अर्थ और परिभाषा, परिवार के प्रकार, परिवार और गृहस्थी 18 घंटे भारत में परिवार की संरचना
- इकाई—2 विवाह विवाह विवाह के नियम : अंर्तविवाह, बाह्यविवाह, निर्देशात्मक, विशेषाधिकार विवाह, बहुविवाह, देवर विवाह, साली विवाह, अनुलोम और प्रतिलोम विवाह, विवाह विनिमय : दहेज और बधुमूल्य
- इकाई—3 नातेदारी 18 घंटे आधारभूत अवधारणायें : निषेध, विवाह संबंधी, रक्त संबंधी दत्तकग्रहण, गोत्र, वंशक्रम । नातेदारी एवं पीढ़ी : एकल पीढ़ी, रक्त संबंधी पीढ़ी
- इकाई—4 भारतीय परिवार में परिवर्तन 18 घंटे संरचना और प्रकार्य में परिवर्तन, भारतीय परिवार मूल्य में परिवर्तन और निरंतरता इकाई—5 भारतीय परिवार के वर्तमान मददे अंतिपीढ़ीय अंतराल और तनाव भारत में विवाह की
- इकाई—5 भारतीय परिवार के वर्तमान मुद्दे, अंर्तपीढ़ीय अंतराल और तनाव, भारत में विवाह की परिवर्तित प्रकृति

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- 3. Karve, Iravati. 1968. Kinship Organisation in India. Bombay: Asia Publishing House. Additional Readings:
  - 4. Shah, A.M. 1998. The Family in India: Critical Essays. New Delhi: Orient Longman
  - 5. Gore, M.S. 1990. Urbanisation and Family Change in India. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
  - 6. गर्ग, देवेन्द्र, भारत में परिवार, विवाह और नातेदारी, रितु पब्लिकेशन, 2012.

#### SOC -EC-512 ग्रामीण समाज का समाजशास्त्र

Hours-90 (6X15) इकाई-1 ग्रामीण समाजशास्त्र 18 घंटे अर्थ, क्षेत्र, विषयवस्तु और ग्रामीण समाजशास्त्र का महत्व इकाई-2 ग्रामीण सामाजिक संरचना 18 घंटे जजमानी व्यवस्था, अर्तजातीय संबंध, जाति संघर्ष तथा उदीयमान वर्ग संबंध इकाई-3 ग्रामीण शक्ति संरचना 18 घंटे परंपरागत जाति तथा गाँव पंचायत : पंचायती राज संस्थायें और ग्रामीण महिला सशक्तिकरण ग्रामीण नेतृत्व-अर्थ और परिवर्तित प्रतिमान इकाई-4 ग्रामीण अर्थव्यवस्था 18 घंटे भूमि स्वामित्व व्यवस्था, भूमि सुधार, हरितक्रांति और उसके प्रभाव,

कृषि का व्यवसायीकरण

ग्रामीण समाज में परिवर्तन

18 घंटे

Credit-06

ग्रामीण परिवार- अवधारणा और विशेषतायें. परिवर्तन भारतीय गाँव में जाति और वर्ग ग्रामीण प्रवर्जन

#### Essential Readings:

इकाई-5

- 4. Desai, A.R. 1979 Rural India in Transition, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
- 5. Desai, A.R. 1996 Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
- 6. Dube, S.C. 1988 India's Changing Village, Himalayan Publishing House, Bombay.

- 5. Maheshwari, S.R. 1985 Rural Development in India, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
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- 7. Pradhan, P.K. 1988 Land, Labour and Rural Poverty, Himalayan Publishing House, Bombay.
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- 5. ए.आर. देसाई, ग्रामीण समाजशास्त्र, रावत पब्लिकेशन
- 6. डॉ धर्मवीर महाजन, डॉ. कमलेश महाजन, ग्रामीण एवं नगरीय समाजशास्त्र,

#### SOC -EC-611 विकास का समाजशास्त्र

Credit-06 Hours-90 (6X15)

**इकाई-1** विकास

वृद्धि, विकास और परिवर्तन

परिवर्तन के अध्ययन का इतिहास

इकाई-2 विकास के प्रतिमान

पूंजीपति, समाजशास्त्री, मिश्रित अर्थव्यवस्था और गांधीवादी

इकाई-3 भारत में विकास

अनुसूचित जाति, अनुसूचित जनजाति और महिलाओं के विकास के लिये नीतियाँ, कार्यक्रम और रणनीति।

इकाई-4 वैश्विक विकास के ट्रेंडस

नवउदारवादी, वैश्वीकरण : मुद्दे और चुनौतियाँ

इकाई-5 एन.जी.ओ. और विकास

विकास के साथी के रूप में ए.जी.ओ., एन.जी.ओ. और अल्पसंख्यक वर्ग

#### Essential Readings:

- 5. Amin, Samir 1979 Unequal Development. Oxford University Press, New York.
- 6. Hoogvelt, Ankie 1998 The Sociology of Development. Macmillan, London.
- 7. Desai, A.R. 1993 India's Path of Development : A Marxist Approach. Popular Prakashan, Bombay.
- 8. D'Souza, V.S. 1991 Development Planning and Structural Inequalities in India.

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- 6. Pimplay, P.N. et al. 1988 Social Development: Processes and Consequences.
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- 8. Srivastava, S.P. 1998 The Development Debate. Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
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- 7. विकास का समाजशास्त्र, इग्नू, इग्नू पब्लिकेशन, 2010

#### SOC -EC-612 भारत में सामाजिक समस्यायें

Hours-90 (6X15) इकाई-1 सामाजिक समस्या 18 घंटे परिभाषा और अवधारणा सामाजिक समस्याओं का समाजशास्त्रीय परिप्रेक्ष्य इकाई-2 सामाजिक मुद्दे 18 घंटे जातिवाद तथा अपृश्यता धार्मिकता और सांप्रदायिकता समसामायिक समस्यायें इकाई-3 18 घंटे कन्या भ्रूण, दहेज, तलाक, बेरोजगारी (उसका अर्थ, कारण, परिणाम) इकाई-4 सामाजिक विघटन 18 घंटे बाल उपचार, मदिरा व्यवसन, आत्महत्या, अर्तंपीढीय संघर्ष इकाई-5 सामाजिक नियंत्रण 18 घंटे अर्थ और परिभाषा

### Essential Readings:

- 5. Ahuja, Ram 2011 Social Problems in India, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 6. Bereman, G.D. 1979 Caste and Other Inequality: Essay in Inequality, Folklore Institute Meerut.
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#### Additional Readings:

- 3. Dube, Leela 1997 Women and Kinship, Comparative Perspective on Gender in South and Southeast Asia, Sage Publication New Delhi.
- 4. Hortaon, Paul B. 1971 Studies in Sociology of Social Problems, Appleton Century Crofts, New York.
- 3. आहूजा राम, भारतीय सामाजिक समस्याएं

स्वरूप और संस्थायें

Credit-06

# SOC-SE-311 - Social Philosophy of Dr. Harisingh Gour डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर का सामाजिक दर्शन

Credit-02, Hours-30 (2x15)

डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर विश्वविद्यालय सागर के संस्थापक डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय के पहले कुलपति थे। एक शिक्षाशास्त्री और विधिवेत्ता होने के साथ-साथ वे सामाजिक क्रियाशील भी थे। उनका शिक्षा और सामाजिक विकास में योगदान अविस्मरणीय है। यह पेपर उनके सामाजिक दर्शन पर आधारित है। इकाई–1 सामाजिक आर्थिक पृष्टभूमि ०६ घंटे \* परिवार अकादमिक पृष्टभूमि इकाई—2 06 घंटे इकाई-3 डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर का सामाजिक दर्शन 06 घंटे \* मानवतावादी विचार \*बौद्धवादी विचार इकाई-4 डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर का राजनैतिक दर्शन 06 घंटे \*सामाजिक न्याय \*राजनीतिक दर्शन डॉ. हरीसिंह गौर और सामाजिक विकास इकाई–5 06 घंटे \*हिन्दू विवाह व्यवस्था पर विचार \*शैक्षणिक विकास पर योगदान

- 1. Gour, H.S. 1919. Hindu Code
- 2. Gour, H.S. 1929. The Spirit of Buddhism
- 3. Gour, H.S. 1947. India and the New Constitution
- 4. Gour, H.S. 1942. Renaissance of India
- 5. Gour, H.S. Seven Lives

## SOC-SE-411 - Sociology of Human Rights मानवाधिकार का समाजशास्त्र

Credit-02 Hours-30 (2X15)

मानवाधिकार न केवल लोगों की आर्थिक और राजनीतिक जीवन के लिये जरूरी है बिल्क उनर्क सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक जीवन के लिये भी आवश्यक है इस तरह सामाजिक नियमन के लिये योगदान करता है। इस पेपर का वृहद उद्देश्य विद्यार्थियों को सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक परिप्रेक्ष्य में मानवाधिकार से परिचय करवाना है।

इकाई–1	मानवाधिकार का दर्शन
	* दार्शनिक पत्र
इकाई–2	मानवाधिकार का इतिहास
	* ऐतिहासिक पृष्ठभूमि
इकाई–3	मानव अधिकारी का वर्गीकरण
	* नागरिक और राजनीतिक अधिकारी
	*आर्थिक और सामाजिक, सांस्कृतिक अधिकार
इकाई–4	मानवाधिकार का उल्लंघन
	*राज्य और गैर राज्य अभिनेता द्वारा उल्लंघन
इकाई–5	मानवाधिकार का उल्लंधन रोकने के प्रयास

Essential Readings:

- 1. Donnelly Jack, Universal Human Rights: In theory and Practice, Rawat Publication.
  - 2. Chatterjee Debi, Dalit Rights / Human Rights , Rawat Publication.
  - 3. Bajwa, G.S., Human Rights in India: Implementations and Violations, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1995.
  - 4. David P. Foresythe, Human Rights and World Politics, Oxford Publications, New York, 1990.

- 5. Chaudhary, R.G., State and Rights of Man, Metropolitan Book Company, New Delhi, 1971
- 6. Jack Donelly, The Concept of Human Rights, Croom Helm, London 1985.
- 7. Gearty, Conor, Principles of Human Rights Adjudication, New York, Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 8. कोठारी, अनीता, भारतीय समाज एवं मानवाधिकार, आदि पब्लिकेशन, 2012.

#### SOC-SE-511 - स्थानीय संस्था प्रबंधन का समाजशास्त्र

Credit-02, Hours-30 (2x15)

इकाई-1 संस्थायें एवं प्रबंधन

\* संस्था का अर्थ

\* अनुकूल कार्य और विशेषता (दक्षता)

इकाई-2 प्रबंधन का प्रकार्य

\* चुने गये प्रतिनिधयों के प्रकार्य

इकाई-3 प्रबंधन का संबंध

\* चुने गये प्रतिनिधयों के बीच संबंध

इकाई-4 सक्षमता

\* इच्छायें, उत्साह, लक्ष्य उन्मुखीकरण

इकाई-5 नेतृत्व क्षमता

\* गतिशीलता कौशल

#### Essential Readings:

- 3. Marsh, R. 2003. Working with Local Institutions to Support Sustainable Livelihoods
- 4. Joseph, M. 2007. Local Governance in India: Ideas, Challenges, and Strategies

4.

- 3. Bhatt, G.D. 1994. Emerging Leadership Pattern in Rural India: An Empirical Study
- 4. Haldi, R.M. 1970. Local government institutions in rural India
- 3. महिपाल, पंचायतीराजः चुनौतियाँ एवं संभावनाएं, नेशनल बुक ट्रस्ट
- 4. वंदना बंसल, पंचायतीराज में महिला भागीदारी, कल्पास पब्लिकेशन

# SOC-SE-611 - कृषि और खाद्यान्न प्रबंधन का समाजशास्त्र

Credit-02, Hours-30 (2x15)

# इकाई-1 प्रबंधन

- \* अवधारणा और अर्थ
- \* उत्पादन की प्रक्रियायें

# इकाई-2 उत्पादन और नियंत्रण

- \* रणनीति
- \* दक्षता और प्रभावशीलता

# इकाई-3 बाजार संबंध

- \* उत्पादन, वितरण और खरीददारी
- \* गुणवत्ता, आपूर्ति श्रृंखला, कॉपरेटिव समाज की भूमिका

# इकाई-4 सेवा प्रबंधन

- \* सुविधायें, प्रतिष्ठान संसाधन
- इकाई-5 \* पारिश्रमिक एवं सलाहकारी संस्था, विश्वसनीयता
  - \* विज्ञापन

#### SOC-GE-511 - नीति और समाज

Credit-06 Hours-90 (6X15)

**इकाई-1** परिचय

राज्य और समाज के बीच संबंध, भारत के संविधान का परिचय

इकाई-2 आधारभूत अधारणायें

शक्ति, सत्ता, वैद्यता, प्रजातंत्र

इकाई-3 राजनीतिक पार्टी

अर्थ, प्रकृति और प्रकार

इकाई-4 राज्य और भारत में समाज

जाति और राजनीति

धर्म और राजनीति, धार्मिकता और राजनीति

इकाई-5 स्थानीय स्वशासन

पी.आर.आई. : अर्थ और प्रकृति

संगठनात्मक ढांचा और स्थानीय भागीदारी

- 8. Andersen, Walter K. & Shridar D. Damle. 1987. The Brotherhood in Saffron: The Rashtriya Sayamsevak Sangh & Hindu Revivalism. Boulder: Westview.
- 9. Adeney, K and Saez, L. 2005. Coalition politics and Hindu nationalism. London: Routledge.
- 10. Beteille, Andre. 1997. Society and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Additional Readings:
  - 3. Bose, Sujata et-al. (eds.). 1997. Nationalism, Democracy and Development: State and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
  - 4. Kumar, Girish. 2006. Local Democracy in India: Interpreting Decentralization. New Delhi: Sage.
  - 3. शर्मा, शशि , राजनैतिक समाजशास्त्रत्र की रूपरेखा, 2015
  - 4. कोटारी, रजनी, भारत में राजनीति : कल और आज, 2010

## SOC-GE-611 - Social Welfare in India भारत में समाजकल्याण

Credit-06, Hours-90 (2x15)

# इकाई-1 कल्याण की अवधारणा

आधारभूत अधिकार और कर्तव्य, मानवाधिकार, समाज कल्याण और समाज सुरक्षा की अवधारणा

## इकाई-2 समाज कल्याण का इतिहास

भारत में समाजकार्य व समाजकल्याण का इतिहास

# इकाई-3 समाजकल्याण और विकास कार्यक्रम

बाल विकास, युवा विकास, महिला सशक्तिकरण, वृद्धों का कल्याण

निःशक्ती का कल्याण

अनुसूचित जाति और अनुसूचित जनजाति के विशेष संदर्भ में पिछड़े वर्गों का कल्याण, श्रम कल्याण

### इकाई-4 केन्द्रीय सामाजिक कल्याण बोर्ड

संरचना और प्रकार्य

समाज कल्याण एजेन्सीज- सरकारी तथा गैर-सरकारी संगठन

# इकाई-5 भारत में सामाजिक कल्याण नीति

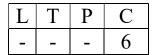
सामाजिक सुरक्षा कार्यक्रम तथा सेवायें पंचवर्षीय योजनाओं के तहत सामाजिक कल्याण सेवायें

#### Essential readings:

- 5. Kulharni, P.D. Social Policy and Social Development in India. Madras. ASSWI.1979.
- 6. Pathak, S. Social welfare: An Evolutionary and Development, Perspective, Delhi: McMillan, 1981.
- 7. Patil, B.R. The Economics of Social welfare in India, Bombay, Somayya, 1978
- 8. Bhatia, K.L. Law and Social Change Towards 21<sup>st</sup> Century, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1994

- 5. Shams Shamsuddin. Women, Law and Social Change, New Delhi, Ashish Publishing House, 1991.
- 6. Ramchandran, P. Research & Statistics for (2000). Social Work: Secundarabud Andharapradesh Social services society.
- 7. सिंह, डी.के., भारत में समाज कल्याणः अवधारणा, प्रशासन एवं कार्यक्रम, न्यू रायल बुक कम्पनी, 2011.
- 8. दुबे, डॉ. प्रीति, भारत में समाज कल्याण, कैलाश पुस्तक सदन, भोपाल, 2016.

# B.A. VI Semester Sociology Soc-SE-611 Field work Dissertation



Maximum Marks: 100

The Field Work Based Dissertation will be carried out under the guidance of faculty member. Its supervisors shall be allotted by Departmental Committee. The students shall be required to submit 2 copies of typed/written record of dissertation which shall be examined as per ordinance of the University. The Distribution of Marks for the Valuation of Field Dissertation will be as Follows:

Open Presentation	20 Marks
Concise Dissertation	60 Marks
Viva-Voce	20 Marks
Total	100 Marks

बी.ए. छठवॉ सेमेस्टर समाजशास्त्र Soc-SE-611 क्षेत्रीय कार्य लघुशोध— प्रबन्ध अधिकतम अंक : 100

L	T	P	С
-	-	-	6

क्षेत्रीय कार्य पर आधारित लघुशोध—प्रबन्ध संकाय सदस्य के निर्देशन में सम्पन्न किया जायेगा। निर्देशक का आवंटन विभागीय समिति द्वारा किया जायेगा। विद्यार्थियों द्वारा लघुशोध—प्रबन्ध का अभिलेख अंकित / हस्तलिखित 2 प्रतियों में जमा किया जाना आवश्यक होगा, जिसका मूल्यांकन विश्वविद्यालय के अधिनियम के अनुसार किया जायेगा। इसका अंक विभाजन निम्नानुसार रहेगा :—

प्रस्तुतिकरण	20 अंक
संक्षिप्त शोधप्रबन्ध	60 अंक
मौखिकी	20 अंक
योग	100 अंक

# **DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK**

SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES
DR.HARISINGH GOUR VISHWAVIDYALAYA, SAGAR (M.P.)
(A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)



# DRAFT SYLLABUS FOR M.A. in SOCIOLOGY (2018-19)

2

While designing of the syllabus for the Post-Graduate Course in Sociology, the Department kept in view of broad areas as mentioned below.

- 1. Theoretical/Conceptual approach
- 2. Regional specificity
- 3. Practical applicability
- 4. inter-disciplinary in nature
- 6. Courses are designed in the context of contemporary needs
- 7. Regional issues are emphasized in the context of both national and international changing scenario
- 8. Courses are formed and designed with special emphasis is given to the Department thrust areas as well as the ongoing research of the faculties and research scholars.
- 9. The courses for each semester are logically and sequentially distributed.

Head

## DRAFT SYLLABUS FOR M.A. IN SOCIOLOGY 2018-19

Semester-I		Credit	Semester-II		Credit
Soc-CC 121	Introduction to Sociology	5	Soc-CC 221	Modern Sociological Theory	5
Soc-CC 122	Social stratification	5	Soc-CC 222	Indian Society: Structure and Change	
Soc-CC 123	Classical Thinkers in Sociology	5	Soc-CC 224	Social Research Methods	5
Soc-EC-121	Population and Society	4	Soc-EC-223	Field Study	4
Soc-EC-122	Sociology of Sanitation	4	Soc-EC-222	Health and Society	4
	Sociology of Marginalized Community		Soc-OE-222	Human Rights and Social Justice	2
	Sociology & Social Justice	4			
Semester-III			Semester-IV		
	Sociology of Change and Development	5	Soc-CC 423	Gender and Society	5
	Perspectives in Indian Society	5	Soc-CC 426	Applied Sociology	5
	Sociology of Crime and Deviance	5	Soc-CC 425	Rural Sociology	5
	,		Soc-EC 421	Dissertation	4
			Soc-EC 422	Globalization and Indian Society	4
			*****	1	.11 1
	Anthropology	4	_	al courses of each semester ding to the availability of tea	
	Social Movements in India	4			
	Polity and Society	4			
Soc-OE-321	Sociology of South Asia	2			

# Scheme and credit division (Semester Wise)

Semester	Core	Total credit of	Elective	Total	OE	Semester
	Papers	core papers		Credits		credits
I	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	Nil	15+4=19
II	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	1x2=2	15+4+2=21
III	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	1x2=2	15+4+2=21
IV	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	Nil	15+4=19
Grand	12	60	04	16	02	80
Total						

M.A. Semester-I

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
Soc-CC 121	Introduction to Sociology	5	75	100
Soc-CC 122	Social stratification	5	75	100
Soc-CC 123	Classical Thinkers in Sociology	5	75	100
Soc-EC-121	Population and Society	4	60	100
Soc-EC-122	Sociology of Sanitation	4	60	100
Soc-EC-123	Sociology of Marginalized Community	4	60	100
Soc-EC-	Sociology & Social Justice	4	60	100

# Semester-II

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
Soc-CC 221	Modern Sociological Theory	5	75	100
Soc-CC 222	Indian Society: Structure and Change	5	75	100
Soc-CC 224	Social Research Methods	5	75	100
Soc-EC-223	Field Study	4	60	100
Soc-EC-222	Health and Society	4	60	100
Soc-OE-222	Human Rights and Social Justice	2	30	100

# Semester-III

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
Soc-CC 321	Sociology of Change and Development	5	75	100
Soc-CC 322	Perspectives in Indian Society	5	75	100
Soc-CC 323	Sociology of Crime and Deviance	5	75	100
Soc-EC-321	Themes in Social Anthropology	4	60	100
Soc-EC-322	Social Movements in India	4	60	100
Soc-EC-323	Polity and Society	4	60	100
Soc-OE-321	Sociology of South Asia	2	30	100

# Semester-IV

<b>Paper Code</b>	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
Soc-CC 423	Gender and Society	5	75	100
Soc-CC 426	Applied Sociology	5	75	100
Soc-CC 425	Rural Sociology	5	75	100
Soc-EC 421	Dissertation	4	60	100
Soc-EC 422	Globalization and Indian Society	4	60	100

\*The optional courses of each semester will be offered according to the availability of teacher(s)

# Scheme and credit division (Semester Wise)

Semester	Core	Total credit of	Elective	Total	OE	Semester
	Papers	core papers		Credits		credits
I	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	Nil	15+4=19
II	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	1x2=2	15+4+2=21
III	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	1x2=2	15+4+2=21
IV	3	3X5=15	01	1X4=4	Nil	15+4=19
Grand	12	60	04	16	02	80
Total						

#### **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

(a) Mid Semester Examination: 20 Marks(b) Internal Assessment: 20 Marks(c) End Semester Exam: 60 Marks

#### **B)** Assessment:

#### I) Internal Assessment

#### a) Theory

Each theory course must clearly mention the methodology of assessment i.e. assignment, presentation, group discussion etc. depending on the number of student in the class and feasibility of adopting a particular methodology.

The distribution of marks for internal assessments shall be as follows.

(i) Evaluation of the assignment,

Presentation, Group discussion etc : 15 Marks

(ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

75% and below : 00 Marks : 01 Marks (ii) > 75% and upto 80% >80% and upto 85% : 02 Marks (iii) >85% and upto 90% : 03 Marks (iv) >90% and upto 95% : 04 Marks (v) : 05 Marks (vi) >95%

The introductory note must also mention that to be eligible to appear in End semester Examination a student must appear in Mid Semester Examination and Internal Assessment.

# b) Practical / Lab Courses:

- 1. Evaluation of Practical / Lab Courses shall be as follows:
- (i) Performing an getting the experiment checked regularly and

Incorporating the suggestion in the practical note book : 15 Marks (ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

 (vii)
 75% and below
 : 00 Marks

 (viii)
 > 75% and up to 80%
 : 01 Marks

 (ix)
 > 80% and up to 85%
 : 02 Marks

 (x)
 > 85% and up to 90%
 : 03 Marks

 (xi)
 > 90% and up to 95%
 : 04 Marks

(xii) >95% : 05 Marks

C) End Semester Examination Practical / Lab Courses:

It will consist of 60 marks as follows:

(a) Assessment of performing in the Experiment : 50 Marks

(b) Viva-Voce of Experiment : 10 Marks

## D) Evaluation of Project:

It will be based on periodic assessment of the progress of the project and End Semester Examination as follows:

(i) First periodic assessment of the progress after 08 weeks : 20 Marks

(ii) Second assessment of the progress after 08 weeks : 20 Marks

(iii) End Semester Examination will consist of

(a) Evaluation of the project report : 50 Marks

(b) Viva-voce of project report : 10 Marks

#### E) Evaluation of field work:

It will be evaluated as follows:

(i) Performing in the field work aptitude : 40 Marks

(ii) End Semester Examination

(a) Evaluation of the report on the field work : 50 Marks
(b) Viva-voce on the report : 10 Marks

F) Evaluation of Seminars:

Documentation of the seminar
 First presentation of the seminar
 End Semester Examination
 20 Marks
 60 Marks

End Semester Examination will consist:

(i) Presentation of the seminar : 50 Marks(ii) Defense of the presentation : 10 Marks

#### **SOC-CC 121: Introduction to Sociology**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

To learn sociology is to learn about how human societies are constructed and how our beliefs and daily routines come from. It is re- examine the new light many of taken-for-granted assumptions which we all hold and which influences the way we think about ourselves and others. This paper is intended to acquaint the students with the subject matter of Sociology as a social science and it has its own distinctive method and theoretical analysis which differentiates its subject matter from commonsensical knowledge to understand the individual and society relationship.

#### **Unit I: Introducing Sociology**

The subject matter of Sociology; The nature and scope of sociology; Sociology and social sciences; Sociology and Common sense

#### **Unit II: Basic concepts:**

Society, community, culture, institution, association, social structure, status and role

#### **Unit III: Social groups and Socialization:**

Meaning; Types of social groups; relationship between individual and group, inter group and intra group.

Society, culture, and socialization; Agencies of socialization; Theories of socialization; Social control: norms, values, and sanctions.

#### **Unit IV: Social institutions:**

Family: structure and types Marriage: Types and function Economy: types and function Polity: Types and Function Religion: Types and Function

#### **Unit V: Social change:**

Meaning and type: evolution and revolution, diffusion, progress and development; Factors of social change; Theories of social change.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Betteille, A. 2005. Sociology: Essays on Approach and Method. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Margaret Anne & Carol Riddel. 1980. Approaching Sociology. London: Routledge & Kegan Paul.

Haralambos, M. 1998. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Horton, P.B. and Chester L. Hunt. 1972. Sociology. Blacklick, Ohio: McGraw-Hill Book Co.

Inkeles, Alex. 1987. What is Sociology? New Delhi: Prentice-Hall.

Jayaram, N. 2005. Introductory Sociology. Madras: Macmillan

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#### **SOC -CC 122: Social stratification**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

Social stratification lies at the core of society and to understand the societal order. Social inequality is a fundamental aspect of virtually all social processes, and a person's position in the stratification system is the most consistent predictor of his or her behavior, attitudes, and life chances. Social stratification links almost all aspects of society together, and therefore understanding what is happening to social stratification helps us understand a wide range of other changes in society. The main objective of this paper is to outline the concept and theories of stratification, which will eventually help in understanding the Indian social structure.

#### Unit I:

#### **Social stratification:**

Social Structure: Hierarchy and Difference: Social Differentiation: Stratification: Social Equality and Inequality: Power and Domination: Exclusion: Deprivation: Discrimination; Social Mobility; Open and Closed Systems of Stratification; Theoretical Frameworks

#### **Unit II: Theoretical perspectives:**

Marxian and Weberian perspective Structural Functionalism and Debate on Stratification

#### **Unit-III: Approaches to Caste System**

Varna and Jati (Book views and Field Views on Caste); Ideological approach, Structural-Functional Approach, Marxist approach; Caste in Modern India

#### Unit IV: Caste, Class and Power

The Dominant Caste, Caste violence and Caste disputes Class: Old and New; Agrarian Institution and its Changing Structure; Caste and Class in India

#### **Unit V: Social Mobility**

Nature and types of mobility, Condition and consequences of mobility, Process of Social Change in India

#### **Essential Readings**

Gupta, D. (ed.).1991. Social Stratification. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Jodhka, S.S. 2004. "Agrarian Structures and their Transformation" in Veena Das (ed.) Oxford Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Singh, Y. 1977. Social Stratification and Social Change in India. Delhi: Manohar Publication.

Tumin, Melvin, M. 1987. Social Stratification: The Forms and Functions of Inequality. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.

Oommen, T.K. 1977. "The Concept of Dominant Caste: Some Queries", Contributions to Indian Sociology, vol. 4 (1).

Srinivas, M.N. 2002. Collected Essays. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

#### **SOC -CC 123: Classical Thinkers in Sociology**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

French Revolution and Industrial Revolution brought out dramatic and traumatic changes in the traditional feudal structure of the societies in Europe through the emergence of capitalism and the development of modern state and democracy. Different thinkers viewed this societal changes from different perspectives, presented their distinct Methodology to study, causes and consequences. This course tries to familiarize students to these thinkers and their understanding of social change.

#### **Unit I: Development of Classical Sociology**

Socio-Economic Forces; Intellectual influences

#### **Unit II: Auguste Comte**

Positivism

Hierarchy of Sciences, Law of three stages,

#### **Unit-III: Karl Marx**

Historical materialism

Capitalism: Alienation, Theory of surplus value

Theory of class struggle

#### **Unit IV: Emile Durkheim**

Rules of Sociological method

Elementary forms of religious life

Division of labour

Suicide

#### Unit V: Max Weber

Problems of Objectivity and Value Freedom, Ideal Types,

Modernity and Rationality

Social Action

Power, Authority and Legitimacy

Religion and economy

Class, Status and Party

#### **Essential Readings**

Durkheim, E. 1964a. Division of Labour in Society. New York: Free Press.

Durkheim, E. 1964b. The Rules of Sociological Method. New York: Free Press.

Durkheim, E. 1966. Suicide. New York: Free Press.

Marx, K. 1982. German Ideology. London: Lawrence and Wishart.

Marx, K. 1867. Capital. Vol. 1. Harmondsworth: Penguin. (pp. 1-55)

Marx, K. 1961. Economic and Philosophical Manuscript. Moscow: Foreign Languages Publishing House.

Weber, M. 1978. Economy and Society. Berkeley: University of California Press.

Weber, M. 1958 The Protestant Ethics and Spirit of Capitalism. New York: Charles Scriber's Sons.

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#### **Elective Courses**

#### **SOC -EC-121: Population and Society**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

This paper intends to provide the student with a nuanced understanding of the interface between population and society.

#### **Unit I: Demography and Sociology**

Development of Population Studies Relationship between Sociology and Social Demography Sources of Data and measurement techniques

#### **Unit II: Demographic Processes**

Social determinants of Fertility, Mortality and Migration Demographic Processes and social change Population growth and Trends in India

#### **Unit III: Age-Sex Composition**

Age and Sex composition, Factors affecting age-sex composition, Consequences of age-sex composition

#### **Unit IV: Approaches to Social Demography**

Malthusian and Marxian Approach Social Change and Demographic Transition

#### Unit V: Population and Development in India

Population Policies and their Changing Nature Critical analysis of Population Policies Human Development in India

#### **Essential Readings**

Bhende, A and Tara Kanitkar. 1994. *Principles of Population Studies*. Bombay: Himalayan.

D"Souza, V. S. 1985. Economic Development, Social Structure and Population Growth. New Delhi: Sage.

Economic and Political Weekly, 1981. *Population scene after 1981 census*, Special Number, Vol.16 (45-46), Mumbai: Sameekksha Trust Publication. Ford, T.R and Dejong, G.F. 1970. *Social Demography*. New Jersey: Englewood. Haq, E. 1970. "Social Stratification and Fertility: an analysis of their interrelations and policy implication", *The Indian Journal of Social Work*, vol. 38(3).

Haq. E. 1981. "Changing industrial pattern and fertility decline in India", *The Journal of Social Change*, vol.11 (384). Mamdani, M. 1972. *The Myth of population control*. London: Monthly Review

Press.

Moore, W.E. 1959. "Sociology and Demography", in P.M Houser and CD Duncan, (eds.) *The Study of Population*. London: University of Chicago Press. Mukherjee, R. 1976. *Family and Planning in India*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.

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Patel, T. 1994. Fertility Behaviour Population and Society in Rajasthan. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Sandhya, S. 1991. *Socio-Economic and Cultural Correlates of Infant Mortality*. Delhi: Concept Publication.

Srinivas, M.N. and Ramaswamy. 1977. *Culture and Fertility in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

UNDP. 2007-08. *Human Development Report*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

जैन, रंजना (1990), "जनसंख्या अध्ययन"

#### **SOC -EC-123: Sociology of Marginalized Community**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

Contextualization of Indian sociology is growing among cross section of scholars. Task is to focus on segment of population living on margin without adequate attention. This course aims at sensitizing students to significance of sociological study of Dalit, tribal and nomadic caste and tribe. Focus is on group and community who languish with poverty, deprivation and discrimination over a long period of time.

#### **Unit-I: Marginalisation and Socio-Economic indices**

Poverty, relative isolation, deprivation, exploitation, discrimination, educational backwardness, inequality, critical view of caste system, untouchability- historical and social root, dysfunction

#### **Unit-II: Social Structure and Culture of Marginalised Community**

Status of SC, ST, nomadic caste and tribe and de-notified tribe, problem, social mobility, development, identity formation

#### **Unit-III: Perspective on Marginalisation**

Role of ideology in marginalisation- view of Jotirao Phule, Periyar, Babasaheb Ambedkar, Ram Manohar Lohiya

#### **Unit-IV: Social movement among marginalised community**

Nature, structure and dynamics Perspective on social movement-protest, reform, subnationalism, nativism, millenarianism Role of Christian missionary in reform movement, role of NGO.

#### **Unit-V: Marginalisation and affirmative action**

Constitutional provision, implementation, impact on marginalised community, limitation, critical review.

#### **Essential Readings**

Beteille, Andre 1981: Backward classes and the new social order, Delhi: Oxford University Press Beteille, Andre 1992: The Backward Classes in Contemporary India, Delhi: Oxford University Press

Gupta, Dipankar 1991: Social Stratification, New Delhi: Oxford University Press

Mahajan, Gurpreet 1998: Democracy, Difference and Social Justice, New Delhi: Oxford University Press

Omvedt, Gail 1999: Dalits and the Democratic Revolution, New Delhi: Sage

Zelliot, Eleanor 1995: From Untouchable to Dalit: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement, New

Delhi: Manohar.

#### **SOC.EC.122 Sociology of Sanitation**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

#### Unit. 1 Introduction of Sociology of Sanitation

Sociology of Sanitation: Meaning Nature and Subject – Matter Sociology of Sanitation: Relation with other social science

Psychology and Sociology of Sanitation Education and Sociology of Sanitation

#### Unit. 2 Social Institutions and Sanitation

Cast and Sanitation: Its Relationship

Family, Gender and Sanitation: Its Relationship

Religion and Sanitation: Its Relationship

Rural community and the Nature of Sanitation

#### **Unit. 3** Sanitation and Environment

Environment and Sanitation: Relationship and Impacts

Public health and Sanitation: Impacts and Relationship and Impacts

Sanitation and Sustainable Development

Drinking water and Sanitation

#### Unit.4 Policy, Planning and Programme

Sanitation: Government policy, Planning and Program: Ideology and Approaches of

Non-Governmental Organisations towards Sanitation.

Sanitation Program: Its Implementation in Rural and Urban Community.

Rehabitation of Scavengers

#### Unit.5 Sulabh Movement in India

Sanitation Movement in India: Historical Background Sulabh Movement: History Objectives and Activities

Shochalaya as a tool of Social change

#### Readings

Pathak Bindeshvar, Road to Freedom, Extrem Office Aids Privete Limited, Delhi, 1991

Akram Mohammad, Sociology of Sanitation, Kalpaz Publication, Delhi. 2015

Pathak Bindeshvar , Sulabh Sanitation Movement : Sulabh International Social Service Organization.

Pathak Bindeshvar, Sociology of Sanitation, Kalpaz Publication, Delhi. 2015

Saxena Ashish, Sociology of Sanitation, Kalpaz Publication, Delhi. 2015

Nagla B.K, Sociology of Sanitation, Kalpaz Publication, Delhi. 2015

#### In Hindi

Chikitsa Samaj vigyan ki ruprekha – hindi srivastav hindi sansthan U.P

Community Health ki pathay pustak hindi- Ketker, N.R. Brothers- Indore.

Community Health ki nursing -hindi –kesav swarankar .N.R. Brothers.

Samudayak swasthay avam parivar kalian- hindi – Sharma research publication.

Sulabh aandolan – Dr. Bindeshvaer Pathak, Sulah Prakashan.

Omvet gail dalit prajatantrik kranti, Ravat Publication Jaipur 2009.

Sulabh swachayata aandolan sulabh international social service organization New Delhi.

Dr. Bindeshver pathak swachaya ka samajshatra sulabh international social service organization New Delhi. 2013

#### **SOC –CC–221: Modern Sociological Theory**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

This course is intended to introduce the students to the theoretical and methodological issues which have shaped the sociological thinking in the latter half of the 20th century, and which continue to concern the practitioners of sociology today. Although the 20th century sociological thinkers have their different approaches and methods to study social reality but also they have certain links with the original ideas of classical sociology. The main focus of this course will be on the different perspectives in sociology in modern time. This course will try to engage students in debating the on changing nature of theory and methodology in the discipline of sociology.

#### **Unit I: Functionalism and Neo-functionalism**

Talcot Parsons and Analytical Functionalism, J. Alexander and Neo-Functionalism

#### **Unit II: Conflict and Neo-conflict Sociology**

Theory of Class Struggle; Dialectical Conflict theory of Ralf Dahrendorf; Integrative Conflict theory of R. Collins, Conflict Functionalism of Lewis Coser.

#### **Unit III: Symbolic Inter-actionism**

Mind, Self and Society of G.H. Mead Self Presentation in Everyday life of Goffman

#### Unit IV: Phenomenology and Symbolic Inter-actionism

Alfred Schutz and the theory of life world Ethnomethodology of Garfinkel Peter Burger and Luckmann and Social construction of Reality

#### Unit V: Postmodernism

Foucault and Discourse Analysis Derrida and Deconstruction

#### **Essential Readings**

Alexander, J. 1987. Twenty Lectures: Sociological Theory Since World War II. New York: Colombia University Press.

Anderson, Perry. 1998. The Origins of Postmodernity. London: Verso.

Berger, P and T. Luckman. 1967. The Social Construction of Reality. London: Penguin. Collins,

R. 2004. Theoretical Sociology. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. (Ch-2 and 4, 7 and 8).

Sage Parsons, T. 1951. Social Systems. New Delhi:

Ritzer, George. 1992. Sociological Theory. New York: McGraw-Hill.

Schutz, A. 1967. The Phenomenology of the Social World. Evanston, Ill: Northwestern University Press.

Turner, J.H. 1987. The Structure of Sociological Theory. Jaipur: Rawat.

दोसी, एस.एस.एल., 2010 समाजशास्त्र विचार का उच्चतर समाजशास्त्रीय

दोसी, एस.एस.एल., 2012 समाजशास्त्र विचार का उच्चतर समाजशास्त्रीय

#### **SOC -CC 222: Indian Society: Structure and Change**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

The aim of the course is to introduce students with society in India, the structural formations, cultural diversities and change process.

#### **Unit-I: Social composition in India**

Religious composition Ethnic composition Geographical composition Family, Marriage and Kinship

#### **Unit-II: Indian Social stratification**

Social Differentiation, Hierarchy and Inequality. Forms of Stratification: Caste, Class and Gender.

#### **Unit-III: Social Change in India**

Indian Constitution and Social Change Processes of Change: Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization, secularization Debate on Tradition and Modernity

#### **Unit-IV: Globalisation in India**

Meaning and Definition Globalisation and social transformation Women and Globalisation

#### **Unit-V: Social Problems in India**

Poverty and Unemployment Violence against Women Communalism Agrarian Problems in India

#### **Essential Readings**

Aziz, Abdul. (1994). *Poverty Alleviation in India: Policies and Programmes*, New Delhi: Ashish Publishing.

Ahlawat, Neerja(2009) "On the Floor and Behind the Veil: The Excluded in the Panchyati Raj in Haryana" in B.S Baviskar/ George Mathew (Eds), Inclusion and Exclusion in Local Governance, Sage

Publications, India pg 103-139.

Ahlawat, Neerja (2008) "Violence against Women: Voices from the Field" in Manjit Singh and D.P Singh

(eds), *Violence: Impact and Intervention*. Atlantic Publication, New Delhi. pg 141-160 Ahlawat, Neerja (2012) "Political Economy of Haryana's Khaps", Vol - XLVII No. 47-48, December 01,

Economic and Political weekly

Ahlawat, Neerja (2013) "Dispensable Daughters and Indispensable Sons: Discrete Family Choices" *Social* 

Change, 43(3) pg 365-376.

Desai, Neera and Maithreyi Krishna Raj. (1987). Women and Society in India, New Delhi: Ajanta Publishers.

Desai, Neera & Usha Thakkar (2007) Women in Indian Society, New Delhi: National Book Trust.

Dube, S.C. (1967). The Indian Village. New Delhi: National Book Trust.

Ghurye, G.S. (1957). Caste and Class in India, Bombay: Popular Book Depot.

Karve, Irawati (1961). Hindu Society: An Interpretation, Poona: Deccan College.

Prabhu, P.H (1979): Hindu Social Organization, Popular Prakashan.

Nagla, B.K.(2014), Indian Sociological Thought, New Delhi: Rawat Publicating.

Sharma, K.L. (2001). Social Inequality in India, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

Srinivas, M.N. (1960). India's Villages. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.

Srinivas, M.N. (1970). Social Change in Modern India, Berkeley, California: University Press.

Srinivas, M.N. (1991), *India: Social Structure*, Delhi: Chaman Offset Printers.

#### **SOC –CC- 224: Social Research Methods**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

This course aims to provide an introduction to the fundamentals of various social research techniques and methods. It concerns with teaching certain quantitative methods, qualitative methods and Historical method. Exposure to the fieldwork is intended to enhance the research interests and inculcate the spirit of inquiry among students who may be motivated to continue higher studies in research.

#### **Unit- I: Social Research:**

Meaning and Nature of Social Research: Steps in Social Research, Scientific Method: Problems in the Study of Social Phenomenon: Objectivity and subjectivity, fact and value.

#### **Unit-II: Research Design:**

Exploratory, Descriptive and Experimental;

Hypothesis, Variable and Sampling: Meaning and Types.

#### .Unit-III: Quantitative Techniques

Survey, Observation, Questionnaire, Schedule and Interview.

#### **Unit-IV: Qualitative Techniques of Data Collection-II:**

Field Work Approach: Ethnography; Case Study, Content Analysis, Life History, Report Writing.

#### **Unit-V: Village Studies in India**

Village Studies in India Book View and Field View

#### **Essential Readings**

Bajaj and Gupta, 1972. Elements of Statistics, New Delhi: R. Chand Co.

Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah 1979. Field, Delhi: Oxford.

Young, P.V. 1998, Scientific Social Surveys and research, New Delhi: Prentice Hill.

Bryman, Alan 1988 Quality and Quantity in Social Research, London: Unwin Hyman.

Garrett, Henry 1981 Statistics on psychology and Education, David Mckay, Indian Publication – Mrs. A.F. Sheikh for Vilas, Bombay tenth reprint.

# **SEMESTER -II Elective Courses**

#### **SOC -EC-223: Field Study**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

**Unit- I:** Ethics of Social Research

**Unit- II:** Preparation for Field study

.

**Unit-III:** Rapport Building in Field Study

**Unit-IV:** Challenges in Field Study

Unit-V: Data analysis and Report writing

# **Essential Readings:**

<u>Beteille</u>, Andre and <u>T. N. Madan</u>. 1974. *Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork*, New Delhi: Vikash Publishing House

Lahman, M.K.E. 2017. Ethics in Social Science Research: Becoming Culturally Responsive, New Delhi: Sage

#### **Soc-EC-222: Health and Society**

#### **Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)**

Health, illness and their medical management are part of wider cultural systems and as such are closely associated with processes of social control, by both professionals and the state. The course also examines the socio-cultural dimensions of medicine in societies, seeking to cast light upon the reasons why medicine is characterized by strong paradoxes, why issues of health and illness are surrounded with controversy, conflict and emotion.

#### **Unit I: Sociology of Health (9hrs)**

Health; Sociological Perspectives on Health

Concepts of Health, Illness, Disease; Dimension of Health

.

#### **Unit II: Theoretical Perspectives on Medicine and society (10hrs)**

Functionalism

Marxist/ Political Economic Perspective

Symbolic Interactionism

Feminism

Postmodernism

#### Unit III: Illness & the Social System (9hrs)

Sick role – Concept and Theories;

Illness as Deviance; Sick Role Concept, Labelling Theory.

Hospital as a Social system

Structure of the system: Belief system, concept of illness and health

#### Unit IV: Man, Environment and Disease (7hrs)

Social Epidemiology Measures

Cultural factors bearing on health in India

**Unit V: Health and Social Problems (8hrs)** 

Malnutrition; Maternal and child health; Sanitation problems; Mental illness; Ageing.

#### **Essential Readings:**

Aggleton, P. 1990. Health. London: Routledge.

Annandale, E. 2009. Women's Health and Social Change. London: Routledge.

Barry, A. M., and C. Yuill. 2002. Understanding Health: A Sociological Introduction. New Delhi.

Bilton, T., 1996. Introductory Sociology. New York: Palgrave. pp 410-446.

Bloom, S.W. 2002. *The Word as Scalpel: A History of Medical Sociology*. New York: Oxford University Press.

सिंह, जी.के. (2016), ''सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य एवं शिक्षा'' पंचशील प्रकाश, जयपूर

मार्कण्डेय सिंह यादव (1994), ''आदिवासी समुदाय में स्वास्थ्य के कुछ पक्ष''

(मिर्जापुर जनपद के दुट्टी विकास खण्ड पर आधारित समाजशास्त्रीय अध्ययन), रावत पब्लिकेशन, जयपुर व नई दिल्ली,

#### Soc. OE. 222: Human Rights and Social Justice

**Credit-02, Hours-30(2x15)** 

To understand Historical overview about human rights in the journey of mankind and also in Contemporary Society, Special Context of Violation and Justice of deprive class, role of Global and Regional Agencies and their limitations.

#### **Unit I: Conceptual and Theoretical Understanding (9hrs)**

Introduction to human Rights
Principal and Theories of Human Rights

#### Unit II: Origin of Human Rights (9hrs)

Religion, Culture, Wisdom and Human Rights Democracy and Human Rights Vienna Declaration

#### **Unit III: System, Organization and Instruments of Human Rights** (10hrs)

System for protection of Human Rights Organization Related to Human Rights Instruments of Human Rights and Covenants

#### **Unit IV: Human Rights in Contemporary Situation (8hrs)**

Human Rights in Global and Regional Perspective State of Human Rights in India

#### Unit V: Human Rights Contemporary issues and Justice (9hrs)

Promotion and Protection of Human Rights and Prevention of its Violations Refugees Displaced Persons, Immigrants and Asylum

#### **Readings:**

Donnelly Jack, Universal Human Rights: In theory and Practice, Rawat Publication.

Chatterjee Debi, Dalit Rights / Human Rights, Rawat Publication.

Bajwa, G.S., Human Rights in India: Implementations and Violations, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1995.

David P. Foresythe, Human Rights and World Politics, Oxford Publications, New York, 1990. Chaudhary, R.G., State and Rights of Man, Metropolitan Book Company, New Delhi, 1971 Jack Donelly, The Concept of Human Rights, Croom Helm, London 1985.

Gearty, Conor, Principles of Human Rights Adjudication, New York, Oxford University Press, 2004.

#### **SOC -CC 321: Sociology of Change and Development**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

Studies of planning and development have long been concerned with the relationship between the transparent and supposedly anonymous forces of markets, states and bureaucracies, on the one hand, and the particular local and national forms of social organization in which actor's daily lives are embedded. This course deals with an understanding of various approaches to the change of cultural and societal values, the social structure and its relation with the changes of economic institution and vice- versa.

#### **Unit I: Concept of Social Change:**

Growth, Development and Change Meaning and Factors of social change.

#### **Unit II: Theories of Social Change:**

Evolution, Revolution, Diffusion and Cyclical, Social structure and Technology (R.K Merton) The passing of traditional society (D. Lerner) Barnet Views of Social change

#### **Unit III: Understanding Development**

Development and change Models of development Poverty and inequality

#### Unit IV: Process of social change in India

Sanskritisation; Islamisation; Westernization Secularism; Modernisation and Globalisation Great tradition and little tradition

#### **Unit V : Indian Experiences of Development:**

Social consequences of Economic reform, Concept of Planned change. Sociological apprisal of five year Plan. Social Impact of I.T. revolution.

#### **Essential Readings**

Abraham, M.F. 1990. Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: OUP. Appadurai, Arjun. 1997. Modernity At Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization. New Delhi: OUP Harrison, D. 1989. The Sociology of Modernization and Development. New Delhi, OUP

Srinivas, M.N. 1966. Social Change in Modern India. Berkley: University of Berkley.

#### **SOC -CC 322: Perspectives in Indian Sociology**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

The development of sociology in India took place much later than in Europe. The root of the discipline can be traced to the initial study taken up by the colonial rulers to understand the culture and people of India for their administrative purposes. Gradually the efficacy of the discipline was understood and it was started in different universities as part of other departments to acquire a fairly adequate and comprehensive understanding of Indian society in all its multifaceted dimensions. This course aims at sensitizing the students to the diversity as well as interconnectedness of theoretical perspectives on Indian society, thereby adding depth as well as insight to their understanding of the subject.

#### Unit I: Development of Sociology in India

The colonial intervention and sociological knowledge Gandhi, Nehru, Ambedkar and the subject matter of Indian sociology Sociology of India and Sociology for India

#### **Unit II: Indological /Textual**

Ghuriye and L. Dumont

#### **Unit III: Structural-functionalism**

M.N Srinivas; S.C Dube

#### Unit IV: Marxian perspective

A.R Desai; D.P Mukherjee

#### **Unit V: Subaltern Perspective**

D. Hardiman; B.R Ambedkar

#### **Essential Readings**

Dhanagare, D.N. 1993. Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology. Jaipur: Rawat. (Ch-1).

Dube, S.C. 1973. Social Sciences in a Changing Society. Lucknow: Lucknow University Press. Dumont, Louis. 1970: Homo Hierarchicus: The Caste System and its Implications. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Ghurye, G.S. 1932. Caste and Race in India. London: Kegan Paul.

Karve, Irawati. 1961. Hindu Society: An Interpretation. Poona: Deccan College.

Mukherjee, D.P. 1958. Diversities. Delhi: People"s Publishing House.

Oommen, T.K. 2005. Crisis and Contention in Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage.

Singh, K.S. 1992. The People of India: An Introduction. Calcutta: Seagull books.

Singh, Y. 1973. Modernisation of Indian Tradition. Delhi: Thomson Press.

#### **SOC -CC-323: Sociology of Crime & Deviance**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

With the fast tempo of change in contemporary society, the crime scene is also changing fast. This course is designed to acquaint the students with recent advances in criminology, changing profile of crime and criminals particularly in India and the correctional measures and programmes in prison

## **Unit: I: Concept**

Criminology-Meaning Scope & Subject Matter.

Conceptual approaches to crime-legal and sociological.

#### **Unit-II: Theories**

Concept of Deviance,

Theoretical Perspectives of Social Deviance: Anomie theory; Differential Association Theory; Labeling Theory; Power Theory

#### **Unit-III: Forms of Deviance**

Juvenile Delinquency; Alcoholism; Drug addiction;

Mental Disorder; Homosexuality; Beggary.

#### **Unit-IV: Types of Crime**

Organized Crime: Concept, characteristics, and structure; Occupational Crime: Concept, Elements, types, and effects;

Professional Crime: characteristics, types;

Cyber Crime: Concept and types

#### **Unit-V: Women and Crime**

Crime against Women: Types and Extent; Women as a Criminal: Nature and Extent.

#### **Essential Readings**

Ahuja, Ram (2000), Social Problems in India, Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

Clinard, Marshall, B. (1957), *Sociology of Deviant Behaviour*, New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston,

Inc.

Cohen, Albert K. (1970), Deviance and Control, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall of India.

Madan, G.R. (1991), *India's Social Problems*, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.

Lemert, Edwin (1972), *Human Deviance, Social Problems and Social Control*, Englewood Cliffs:

N.J.Prentice-hall.

Crime in India (2012-2013), Crime in India Reports, New Delhi: Government of India.

Nagla, B.K. (1991), Women, Crime and Law, Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

Thio, Alex (1978), Deviant Behaviour, Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co.

Frazier, Charles E. (1976), Theoretical Approaches to Deviance, Ohio: Charles

E.Morrill Publishing Company

#### **SOC -EC-321: Themes in Social Anthropology**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

The major aim of the course is to familiarize students with the cultural studies and the anthropological theories for the clear understanding of various sociological approaches and perspectives.

#### Unit I: B. Functionalism

Malinowski: Magic, Science and Religion

The Kula Exchange

R. Brown: Social structure and Function

#### **Unit-II: Approaches to Cultural study**

Ruth Benedict: Patterns of Culture

Levistrauss: Structuralism

#### **Unit-III: Culture and Personality**

M. Mead: Culture and Socialization

R. Linton Cultural Background of Personality

#### **Unit-IV: Culture and Social Structure**

R.Redfiled: Little Tradition

Evance Pritchard State-less Society

#### **Unit-V: Culture and Social Mobility**

M.N. Srinivas: Sanskritisation

#### **Essential Readings**

Benedict, R. 1934. Patterns of Culture, New York: New American library

Evans-Pritchard, E. 1940, The Nuer, Oxford: OUP

Geertz, C. 1973. The Interpretation of Culture, New York: Basic Books.

Harris, M. 1968. The rise of Anthropological theory, New York: Thomas

Mead, M. 1923. *The Coming age of Samoa*, New York: William Morrow

Pocock, D. Social Anthropology, London: Sheed and Ward

Linton, R. 1949. The Cultural Background of Personality, London: R

ननीम, हासनान– समनाय मानवशास्त्र

पाण्डे, गया, 2016, भारतीय मानवशास्त्र

#### **SOC -EC-322: Social Movements in India**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

The main aim of the course is to introduce the students to the role of social movements in social Transformation, to help them understand the various approaches to the study of social movements.

#### **Unit I: Introduction**

Concepts
Approaches
Theories

#### **Unit II: Social Movements**

Genesis of Social Movements State and Social Movement Movement, Social Reform and Social Change

#### **Unit III: Types of Movement**

Religious Peasant Tribal and Ethnic Caste Women

#### **Unit IV: Social Movement and Civil Society**

Civil society: Concept Media and Social Movement

#### **Unit V: Case Studies**

This unit will be dealing with the case studies of different social movement in India

Essential Readings Banks, J.A. 1972. The Sociology of Social Movements. London: Macmillan.

Desai, A.R. (ed.). 1986. *Agrarian Struggle in India after Independence*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Omvedt, G. 1993. Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Social Tradition in India. London: Sharpe.

Oommen T.K. 1972. Charisma, Stability and Change. Delhi: Sage.

Oommen, T.K (ed.). 2009. Social Movements: Concerns of Equity and Security.

New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Oommen, T.K (ed.). 2009. Social Movements: Issues in Identity. New Delhi:

Oxford University Press.

शाह, घनश्याम (२०१५) ''भारत में सामाजिक आंदोलन''

पॉल, बापादित्या (2016), ''पहला नक्सली''

#### **SOC -EC-323: Polity and Society**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

The aim of the course is to study the relationship between society and polity, to study the various approaches to study the State, to understand the contemporary challenges in India.

#### **Unit I: Introducing Political Sociology**

Relationship between State and Society Sociology of politics: Power, Authority and Legitimacy (Max Weber) Political Elite and the Masses (Pareto, C. Wright Mills, Mosca)

#### Unit II: State formation in India

India constitution: ideology and ethics Indian constitution and social diversity

#### **Unit III: State and Society in India**

The Centre-State relationship Dynamics of Indian Politics and society

#### Unit IV: Panchayati Raj Institution

History of Gram Panchayat PRI and Inclusive Policies

#### **Unit V: Nation-Building Processes**

Ethnicity, Nationality and Citizenship Caste and Politics in India

#### **Essential Readings**

Andersen, Walter K. & Shridar D. Damle. 1987. *The Brotherhood in Saffron: The Rashtriya Sayamsevak Sangh & Hindu Revivalism*. Boulder: Westview.

Adeney, K and Saez, L. 2005. Coalition politics and Hindu nationalism. London: Routledge.

Beteille, Andre. 1997. Society and Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Bose, Sujata et-al. (eds.). 1997. *Nationalism, Democracy and Development: State and Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Kumar, D.V. 2012. Modernity and Ethnic Processes in India, Rawat: Jaipur

Kumar, Girish. 2006. Local Democracy in India: Interpreting Decentralization. New Delhi: Sage.

शर्मा, शशि (२०१५), ''राजनैतिक समाजशास्त्र की रूपरेखा''

कोठारी, रजनी (2010), ''भारत में राजनीतिः कल और आज''

#### SOC -OE. 321: Sociology of South Asia

**Credit-02, Hours-30(2x15)** 

To expose student to strategic importance of South Asia as a civilization centre as well as a player in international affair and to acquaint them with social, cultural, economic, religious and political similarity and difference between countries of region. Students should be acquainted with processes which help shaping emergence of nation state in region, ethnic, regional and religious identity and conflict in process and different path to socio-economic development and modernization adopted by countries of the region.

#### **Unit- I: South Asia region**

Civilisation, culture and society Social and economic institutions, Demographic feature, geo-political importance

#### **Unit- II: Political system and Democracy**

Colonialism and South Asia Political system and nature of democracy India's Approach towards South Asia

#### **Unit –III: Identity Issues**

Langauge and Politics ethnicity, Ethnic conflict and sub-national movement, Nation and nation building

#### **Unit –IV: Development, Change and Migration**

Population, Poverty and migration Development and uneven development Role of SAARC in development

#### **Unit-V: Boarder issues**

Understanding Boarder Nature of Boarder and the state relations Boarder, identity and collective memory

#### **Essential Readings**

Bjorkman, J.W. 1987. Changing Division of Labour in South Asia, New Delhi: Manohar Farmer, B.H. 1983: An Introduction to South Asia, London: Methuen

Gough, K. and Hari P. Sharma (eds.) 1973: Imperialism and Revolution in South Asia, New York: Monthly Renew Press (article by Hamza Alvi)

Mallick, Ross. 1998: Development, Ethnicity and Human Rights in South Asia, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Rothermund, Dietmar. 2000: The Role of the State in South Asia and Other Essays, New Delhi: Manohar

Tambiah, S. 1997: Leveling Crowds: Ethno-nationalist Conflict and Collective Violence in South Asia, New Delhi: Sage Publications

#### **SOC-CC-423: Gender and Society**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

The objective of this course is to trace the evolution of gender as a category of social analysis in the late twentieth century. The course provides a comprehensive study on the origin of feminist ideology and their changing nature. Although the focus of the introductory part of this course is primarily on the European literatures, a major part of this course will also be devoted to the understanding of the origin and development of feminism in South Asia in general and India in particular.

#### **Unit-I: Social Construction of Gender**

Gender as a sociological category: sex vs. gender, equality vs. difference, public vs. private, nature vs. civilization; gender roles and sexual division of labour; Patriarchy and male domination in society

#### **Unit II: Feminist Thoughts**

Radicals, Marxist – Socialists, Liberationalist, Post-modernist; Feminist Methodology as a critiques of sociological methods.

#### **Unit III: Various Gender Related Issues**

Production and Reproduction; Work and property, Relative deprivation, Discrimination and exploitation; Education, Health, Environment and Ecology

#### Unit IV: Women in India: The changing profile

The changing status of women in India – pre-colonial, colonial and post-colonial Demographic profile – the gender gap (census, NSS)

#### **Unit V: Gender and Development**

Women and Poverty India State approaches to women empowerment in India Globalisation and women

#### **Essential Readings**

Bhagwat, Vidyut. 2004. Feminist Social Thought. Jaipur: Rawat.

Dube, Leela (ed). 2001. Anthropological Explorations in Gender. Delhi: Sage.

Everelt, Jana M. 1981. Women and Social Change in India. New Delhi: Heritage Publishers.

Firestone, Sulahmith. 1975. The Dialectic of Sex. New York: Morrow.

John, Mary E. 1996. "Gender and Development in India 1970-1990s: Some Reflection on the Constitute Role of Contexts", *Economic and Political Weekly*. vol 31, No. 47. Krishnaraj, M. et-al. (eds.). 1989. *Gender and the Household Domain*. New Delhi: Sage.

Mies, M. 1980. Indian Women and Patriarchy. New Delhi: Concept Publishing.

Oakley, A. 1972. Sex, Gender, and Society. New York: Harper and Rao.

Rege, S. 2003 Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminists Sociological Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage.

Seth, M. 2001. Women and Development: The Indian Experience. New Delhi: Sage.

#### **SOC-EC-422: Globalization and Indian Society**

#### **Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)**

The effects of globalization are widely debated. Globalization attracts increasing interest and importance in contemporary world affairs. It also inspires passionate supporters and critics. This paper is aiming to explore different facets of the complex, evolving phenomenon of globalization. The course introduces the main debates about the global economy and their implications for real life from many different aspects: culture, economics and identity issues.

#### **Unit I: Concept of Globalization:**

Nature and Dynamics of Globalization: The historical and social context of Globalization; World capitalism: Modernization and Globalization Advantages and disadvantages of Globalization.

#### **Unit II: Agencies of Globalization:**

Nation-state agencies, Media, Market and Non Governmental MNCs

#### **Unit III: Cultural Impact of Globalization – I**

The ethos of globalization: unbridled freedom; individualism, consumerism. Diffusion: Western, European culture and American value system through media.

#### Unit IV: Cultural Impact of Globalization - II

Cultural Homogenization, hegemony and dominance: Globalization and the Resurgence of ethnic Consciousness, Global Tourism; Diaspora communities. Ethnic and religious movements, Religious fundamentalism

#### **Unit V: Indian experiences of Globalization**

Public Policy, Debate on globalization Impact of globalization: Trends and Prospects.

#### **Readings:**

Appadurai, Arjun. 1997. Modernity at large: Cultural dimensions of globalization. New Delhi : Oxford University Press.

Drezem Jean and Amartya Sen. 1996. India economic development and social opportunity. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Escobar, Arturo. 1995. Encountering development: The making and unmaking of the third world. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Hoogvelt, ankie. 1998. The Sociology of development. London: Macmillan

#### **SOC -CC 425: Rural Sociology**

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### **Unit I: Rural Society**

Meaning and Characteristics Peasant culture and social structure Agrarian Institutional transformations

#### **Unit-II: Local Governance**

Panchayati Raj Institutions Rural Women and PRIs Rural Transfromations and PRIs

#### **Unit-III: Problems in Rural Society**

Poverty and Inequality in rural India Land alienation and Farmers' Problems Caste and Caste conflict Problems related to rural women

#### **Unit IV: Concept of Tribe:**

Concept of tribe and Scheduled Tribe. Geographical distributions of tribe Socio-cultural Profile Economic life

#### Unit-V: Social change and Tribal's problems

Impact of colonial rule on tribal society
Indian state and Tribal Development Programmes
Tribal Problems: Poverty and land alienation, Migration and Exploitation

#### **Essential Readings**

Desai A.R. 1977 Rural Sociology in India, popular Prakshan, Bombay.

P. Radhakrishnan 1989: Peasant Struggles: Land reforms and Social Change in Malabar 1836 - 1982. Sagar Publications: New Delhi.

Andre Betille 1974 Six Essays in Comparative Sociology, OUP, New Delhi.

Dhanagare D.N. 1988: Peasant Movements in India OUP New Delhi.

Ashish Nandy 1999. Ambiguous Journey to the City New Delhi OUP.

Desai A.R. (1979) Peasant struggles in India (Asia Publishing House).

Dube S.C. 1977: Tribal Heritage of India (New Delhi: Vikas) Hasnain N.:

(1983) Tribes in India (Harnam Publications New Delhi).

Raza, Moonis and A. Ahmad (1990) An Atlas of Tribal India (Concept Publishing Delhi)

Sharma, Suresh 1994: Tribal identity and modern worlds (Sage: New Delhi)

#### **SOC –EC- 421: Dissertation**

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

The dissertation work is distributed into two major parts. Each part of the dissertation carries equal credit for evaluation.

- a. Theoretical Discussion, Literature Review and Development of Research Proposal
- b. Field Work, data analysis and Presentation of the findings (Dissertation)

#### SOC -CC- 426: Applied Sociology

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

This course aims to familiarize the students with sociological practice. It introduces the various dimensions of social policy, planning and social impact assessment. It also deals with the application of sociological theories and concepts to comprehend and relate with the various issues and problems in the rural and urban settings in India.

#### **Unit-I** Concept of applied Sociology: (12hrs)

Meaning, explanation and scope of applied sociology.

Concept of Social welfare, Social and industrial security and welfare state. Fundamental rights and human rights.

#### **Unit-II** Social Programme and Innovation: (14hrs)

Formulating social policy and programme of planned directed change; Human factors behind acceptance and rejection of innovation; Human behavior on obtaining employment and placement.

#### **Unit-III** Social constraint and strenuous Trends: (14hrs)

Effect of reservation on beneficiary and non-beneficiary group. Causes of criminalization of politics and crime environmental, pollution, Victimization of women and child labor.

#### Unit-IV Applied Sociology and Social Problem: (15hrs)

Application of Sociological Knowledge to identify social problems and evolve strategies for their removal or eradication, Problem of poverty.

Unequal distribution of resources, unemployment, corruption.

#### **Unit-V** Monitoring an Evaluation: (14hrs)

Monitoring and evaluation of implementation of policies and programmes, Effective and responsiveness of state machinery and bureaucratic apparatus, Operational research.

# M.A. IV Semester Sociology Soc-EC-421 Dissertation Maximum Marks: 100

L	Т	Р	С
-	-	-	4

The Field Work Based Dissertation will be carried out under the guidance of faculty member. Its supervisors shall be allotted by Departmental Committee. The students shall be required to submit 2 copies of typed/written record of dissertation which shall be examined as per ordinance of the University. The Distribution of Marks for the Valuation of Field Dissertation will be as Follows:

Open Presentation	20 Marks
Concise Dissertation	60 Marks
Viva-Voce	20 Marks
Total	100 Marks

एम.ए. चतुर्थ सेमेस्टर समाजशास्त्र Soc-EC-421 Dissertation अधिकतम अंक : 100

L	Т	Р	С
-	ı	ı	4

क्षेत्रीय कार्य पर आधारित लघुशोध-प्रबन्ध संकाय सदस्य के निर्देशन में सम्पन्न किया जायेगा। निर्देशक का आवंटन विभागीय समिति द्वारा किया जायेगा। विद्यार्थियों द्वारा लघुशोध-प्रबन्ध का अभिलेख अंकित / हस्तलिखित 2 प्रतियों में जमा किया जाना आवश्यक होगा, जिसका मूल्यांकन विश्वविद्यालय के अधिनियम के अनुसार किया जायेगा। इसका अंक विभाजन निम्नानुसार रहेगा:—

प्रस्तुतिकरण	20 अंक
संक्षिप्त शोधप्रबन्ध	60 अंक
मौखिकी	20 अंक
योग	100 अंक

# **DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK**

# SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES DR.HARISINGH GOUR VISHWAVIDYALAYA, SAGAR (M.P.)

(A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)



DRAFT SYLLABUS FOR MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK (M.S.W.)
(2018-19)

**AIM OF THE PROGRAMME** 

Vision:

To become a leading institution for innovative, interdisciplinary approaches in educating social

work practitioners and scholars, conducting research, and serving as a catalyst for positive social

transformation.

**Objectives of the Programme:** 

1. Apply at the MSW level the foundation knowledge, skills, values and ethics of social work

practice in the assessment and treatment of individuals, families, groups, organizations, and

communities.

2. Develop a professional identity as a social worker by applying professional values and ethics to

social work practice.

3. Demonstrate an understanding and appreciation for human diversity, to engage in non-

discriminatory culturally sensitive practice that seeks social and economic justice for clients, without regard to age, class, caste, culture, disability, ethnicity, family structure, gender, marital

without regard to age, class, caste, culture, disability, culturely, family structure, gende

status, national origin, race, religion, and sexual orientation.

4. Use appropriate supervision and consultation to conduct research and disseminate research

findings that contribute to enhancement of students' personal and professional development.

Name of the Programme: MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK

Duration of the Programme: 2 Years (Four Semesters)

Total Credit: 80

Semester-I		Credit	Semester-	П	Credit
MSW-CC-	Origin and Development of	5	MSW-	Social Science Concept for	5
121	Social Work		CC-221	Social Work	
MSW-CC-	Origin and Development of	5	MSW-	Social Case work	5
122	social work in India		CC-222		
MSW-CC-	Social Work Research	5	MSW-	Social Group Work	5
123			CC-223		
MSW-EC-	Social Policy and planning	4	MSW-	Social Work Skills	4
121			EC-221		
Semester Cr	redit -19			Semester Credit -19	
Semester-II	I		Semester-	IV	
MSW-CC-	Human Resource	5	MSW-	Trade Union and Industrial	5
321	Management		CC-421	Relations	
MSW-CC-	Labor welfare and Social	5	MSW-	Internship	4
322	Security		EC-421		
MSW-EC-	Practicum	4	MSW-	Preparation and Planning	4
321			EC-422	of Project writing	
MSW-EC-	Participation with	4	CRIM	INOLOGY AND CORRECT	TONAL
322	NGOs/Government Organizations			ADMINISTRATION (A)	
CRIMIN	OLOGY AND CORRECTION	NAL	MSW-	Social Work Practice in	4
F	ADMINISTRATION (A)		EC-423	Correction	
MSW-EC- 323	Criminology and Penology	4	WO	OMEN AND DEVELOPMEN	T(B)
			MSW-	Women Empowerment	
WOMEN A	ND DEVELOPMENT(B)		EC-424		
MSW-EC-	Women and Society	4	RURAL	AND TRIBAL DEVELOPM	IENT (C)
324					
RURAL AN	D TRIBAL DEVELOPMEN	T (C)	MSW- EC-425	Tribal Community and Social Work	
MSW-EC-	Rural Development:	4	Semester	Credit: 17	
325	Concept and Approaches		Somester	Civuit. 17	
Semester Cr	redit: 22		Total Cree	dits: 19+ 19+ 22+ 17= 77 +04	(OD)= 81

### M.S.W. Semester-I

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
MSW-CC-121	Origin and Development of Social Work	5	75	100
MSW-CC-122	Origin and Development of social work in India	5	75	100
MSW-CC-123	Social Work Research	5	75	100
MSW-EC-121	Social Policy and planning	4	60	100

# Semester-II

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
MSW-CC-221	Social Science Concept for Social Work	5	75	100
MSW-CC-222	Social Case work	5	75	100
MSW-CC-223	Social Group Work	5	75	100
MSW-EC-221	Social Work Skills	4	60	100

# Semester-III

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Cro	edit	Classes	Max. Marks
MSW-CC-321	Human Resource Management	4	5	75	100
MSW-CC-322	Labor welfare and Social Security	5		75	100
MSW-EC-321	Practicum	4	1	75	100
MSW-EC-322	Participation with NGOs/Government Organizations	4		60	100
	CRIMINOLOGY AND CORRECTIO	NAL AD	MINIST	RATION (	<b>A</b> )
MSW-EC-323	Criminology and Penology		4	60	100
WOMEN AND DEVELOPMENT(B)					
MSW-EC-324	Women and Society		4	60	100
RURAL AND TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT (C)					
MSW-EC-325	Rural Development: Concept and Appr	roaches	4	60	100

# **Semester-IV**

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Credit	Classes	Max. Marks
MSW-CC-421	Trade Union and Industrial Relations	5	75	100
MSW-EC-421	Internship	4	60	100
MSW-EC-422	Preparation and Planning of Project writing	4	60	100
(	CRIMINOLOGY AND CORRECTION	NAL ADMINIST	TRATION (	A)
MSW-EC-423	Social Work Practice in Correction	4	60	100
	WOMEN AND DEVE	LOPMENT(B)		L
MSW-EC-424	Women Empowerment	4	60	100
	RURAL AND TRIBAL DE	VELOPMENT	(C)	1
MSW-EC-425	Tribal Community and Social Work	4	60	100

#### **Scheme of Examination**

(a) Mid Semester Examination : 20 Marks(b) Internal Assessment : 20 Marks(c) End Semester Exam : 60 Marks

#### B) Assessment:

#### I) Internal Assessment

#### a) Theory

Each theory course must clearly mention the methodology of assessment i.e. assignment, presentation, group discussion etc. depending on the number of student in the class and feasibility of adopting a particular methodology. The distribution of marks for interal assessments shall be as follows.

(i) Evaluation of the assignment,

Presentation, Group discussion etc : 15 Marks

(ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

(i) 75% and below : 00 Marks : 01 Marks (ii) > 75% and upto 80% : 02 Marks (iii) >80% and upto 85% (iv) >85% and upto 90% : 03 Marks (v) >90% and upto 95% : 04 Marks (vi) >95% : 05 Marks

The introductory note must also mention that to be eligible to appear in End semester Examination a student must appear in Mid Semester Examination and Internal Assessment.

### b) Practical / Lab Courses:

- 1. Evaluation of Practical / Lab Courses shall be as follows:
- (i) Performing an getting the experiment checked regularly and

Incorporating the suggestion in the practical note book : 15 Marks

(ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

 (vii)
 75% and below
 : 00 Marks

 (viii)
 > 75% and upto 80%
 : 01 Marks

 (ix)
 > 80% and upto 85%
 : 02 Marks

 (x)
 > 85% and upto 90%
 : 03 Marks

(xi) >90% and upto 95% : 04 Marks (xii) >95% : 05 Marks

C) End Semester Examination Practical / Lab Courses:

It will consist of 60 marks as follows:

(a) Assessment of performing in the Experiment : 50 Marks
(b) Viva-Voce of Experiment : 10 Marks

#### D) Evaluation of Project :

It will be based on periodic assessment of the progress of the project and End Semester Examination as follows:

(i) First periodic assessment of the progress after 08 weeks: 20 Marks(ii) Second assessment of the progress after 08 weeks: 20 Marks

(iii) End Semester Examination will consist of

(a) Evaluation of the project report : 50 Marks
(b) Viva-voce of project report :10 Marks

### E) Evaluation of field work:

It will be evaluated as follows:

(i) Performing in the field work aptitude : 40 Marks

(ii) End Semester Examination

(a) Evaluation of the report on the field work :50 Marks
(b) Viva-voce on the report :10 Marks

F) Evaluation of Seminars:

Documentation of the seminar
 First presentation of the seminar
 End Semester Examination
 Marks
 60 Marks

End Semester Examination will consists:

(i) presentation of the seminar : 50 Marks
(ii) Defense of the presentation : 10 Marks

#### Semester-I

#### MSW-CC-121: Origin and Development of Social Work

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### Unit I: History of Social Work: Global Scenario

History of Social Work in Americas History of Social Work in Europe History of Social Work in Asia

#### **Unit II: Social Work Profession and education**

Social work as a Profession Social work Education: Retrospect and Prospects Values, Principles and Ethics of professional social Work

#### **Unit III: Social Work Concepts I**

Charity, Voluntary action and Shramdan Social Movement and Social Reforms

#### **Unit IV: Social Work Concepts II**

Social Service, social Defence, Social Security, Social Welfare, Social Justice and Social Policy

- Eden, L. & Molot, MA (1993) Canada, s national Policies: Reflection on 125 years Canadian Public Policies.
- Barker, R.L. (1999), Milestones in the Development of Social work and Social Welfare, Washington D.C. NASW Press
- Hauman, A. 1962 Professional Management and Practice, Delhi: Eurasia Publications.
- Government of India Evaluation of Social Welfare Programmes, Encyclopaedia of Social Work. Vol. 1, 297 -310.
- Choudhari, D. Paul. 1983 Social Welfare Administration, Delhi: Atma Ram and Sons.
- Banks, S. 1995 Ethics and Values in Social Work: Practical Social Work Series, London: Macmillan Press Ltd.

#### MSW-CC-122: Origin and Development of Social work in India

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### **Unit I: Evolution of Social Work Practice in India**

History of Social Work: State Initiatives

History of Social Work: Initiatives through Social Movements

History of Social work: Initiatives by NGO

#### Unit II: Religion and Social work: Indian Context

Hinduism and Social Work Islam and Social Work Jainism and Social Work Christianity and Social Work

#### **Unit III: Gandhian Concept of Social work**

Gandhi's perception of an Ideal Society

Gandhi's social Work: The Historical Perspective Gandhi's Social work: Methods and Techniques

#### **Unit IV: Profession Social Work in Independent India**

Involvement of Social Worker in National Development Career Prospects in Professional Social work

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Nadkarni ,M.V.: Hinduism: A Gandhian Perspective, and Books India, New delhi: 2006

Schubring, W.: The Doctrine of the Jainas, New Delhi.

Wadia, A.R. (1961): History and Philosophy of Social Work in India, Allied Publishers Pvt. New Delhi.

Friedlander, W.A.(1963), Introduction to Social Welfare: Prentice hall of India, New Delhi. Bharathi, K.S. (1995)Thoughts of Gandhi and Vinoba, Concept Publication Co., New Delhi.

#### MSW -CC-123: Social Work Research

#### Unit –I Basics of Research

Introduction to Social Work Research

Research Review in Social Work

Formulation and Selection of the Research problem

Preparing a Research Proposal

#### **Unit -II Research Methods**

Introduction to Methods in Social Work

Research Methods: Inductive and Deductive method, Historical, Comparative and Evaluation

Research Method: Experimental Research, Qualitative Research

Hypothesis, Sampling

#### **Unit-III Tools and Techniques of Data Collection**

Primary and Secondary Data

Tools: Questionnaire, Schedule, Observation, Interview, Case Study, Documentation

#### **Unit-IV Data Analysis**

Filed Study and Report Writing

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Das Gupta, Sugata," Social Work Research" In Encyclopaedia of Social work, India, New Delhi : Govt.of india, 1977

Polansky ,N.A.(ed.) Social work Research, Chicago: The University of Chicago press, 1975

Das Lal, D.K., Design of Social Research, Rawat Publication, Jaipur(2005)

Manheim, Henry, L. 1977 Sociological Research: Philosophy and Methods, Illinois: The Dorsey Press.

Ramchandran, P. 1990 Issues in Social Work Research in India, Bombay: Institute for Community Organisation Research.

Young, Pauline V. 1982 Scientific Social Survey and Research, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

#### MSW-EC-121: Social Policy and Planning

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

#### Unit –I Concept of Policies

Social Policy: Concept, Objectives, & Characteristics Social Policy & Indian Constitution

#### **Unit-II** Police Formation

The Process of Social Policy Formulation at Different levels, Models of Social Policy Social Policy Relating to Woman, Youth Aged Education, Health and Family Welfare.

#### Unit -III Models of Social Policy

Social Planning: Concept, Objective, Scope & Models Interrelationship between Social & Economic Planning, Social Planning under five year plans.

#### Unit -IV Social Planning in India

People's Participation & Social Planning & Social Change, Major Pitfalls in Social Planning in India, Machinery & Process of Social Planning in India.

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Agrawal, A. N. and Lal Kundan 1989 Economics and Development and Planning, Delhi, New Vikas Publishing House Private Limited.

Deshpande, Srinivasan Narain. Society Economy of Polity in India, Mumbai: 1978 University of Mumbai. Nagardra, S. P. 1994 Development and Change, New Delhi: Concert Publishing Company. Augushine, John S. (Ed.) 1989 Strategies for Third World Development, New Delhi: Sage Publications. Eden, L.&Molot, MA(1993) Canada, s national Policies: Reflection on 125 years, Canadian Public Policies.

#### **Semester II**

#### MSW-CC-221: Social Science Concepts for Social Worker

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### **Unit I: Concepts of Society**

Social work and its Relationship to other Disciplines

Society and Culture

Indian Society: Composition, Classification and Stratification

Social Change: Meaning, Characterise and Factor

#### **Unit II: Basics of Psychology for social Workers**

Concept of Psychology for Social Work Practice Social learning and Motivation

#### **Unit III: Family-The Basic Unit of Society**

Stage of Human Growth and Development Biological aspects of human growth and Development Concept of Family and marriage Family Cycle

#### **Unit IV: Indian Family and Transition**

Family and Marriage in the Changing Society Contemporary problems in Family system Social work with Family

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Becavar, D. (Ed.) 1997 The Family, Spirituality and Social Work, Journal of Family Social Work, Vol.2, No.4,

Feldman Robert S 1997 Understanding Psychology, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.

Klieinman.R (Ed.) 1998 Family Planning Handbook for Doctors, Hertford: IPPF

Family planning Association of India ,Family planning Counseling Guide Population Reports Service Series J.N 35 and 36

Beck, Laura Developmental Psychology. New Delhi, Pearson Education Inc..

#### MSW-CC-222: Social Case Work

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### **Unit I: Human Behaviour and social Environment**

Social case work Practice in Indian Context

**Unit II:** Scope of Social Work: Nature of Problems to be Address

Component of Case Work

#### **Unit III: Social Case Work**

Case Worker Client Relationship and principal of case work Social case Work process Tool of Case Work

#### **Unit IV: Basics of Counselling**

Introduction to Counselling Counselling Process

#### **Unit V : Counselling Techniques**

Supportive and Behaviour Techniques in Counselling Cognitive and Psychoanalytical Techniques in Counselling Interviewing and Recording

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Banerjee, G. R. Papers on Social Work - An Indian Perspective, Bombay, Tata Institute of Social Sciences. Perlman, H. H. 1957 Social Case Work: A Problem Solving Process, Chicago. The University of Chicago Press

Richmond, M. E. 1922 What is Social Case Work? An Introductory Description, New York: Sage Foundation Sena F. Fine and Paul H. Glass. 1996 The First Helping Interview Engaging the Client and building Trust, Sage Publication.

Timms, N. 1964 Social Case Work: Principles and Practice, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul. IGNOU, Basics of Counselling. BSWE-006, substance Abuse and Counselling, IGNOU, 2006 Fuster, J.M. Personal Counselling, Mumbai: Better Yourself Book: Eleventh Edition, 2005

#### MSW.CC.223: Social Group work

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### **Unit I: Introduction to Group Work**

Social Group: Characteristics and Significance
History of Group work
Theories and models in Social Group Work
Stage of Group Development, Process of Group Formation

# **Unit II: Skills Development in Social Group Work**

Leadership and Power, Skills and Techniques of Group Work Relevance of Life Skills Education in Social Group Work Programme Planning in Social Work

#### **Unit III: Introduction to Community Organization**

Community Organization: Concept Value Orientation
History of Community Organization
Unit IV Community Organization as Method of Social Work Practice
Models and Approaches of Community Organization

#### **Unit V: Social Action for Community Development**

Social Action: concept and Application Integrated Approach to Social work and Social Action Models, Strategies, and Skills of Social Action

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Milson, Fred 1973 An Introduction to Group Work Skills, London, Routledge and Kegan Paul. Northen, H. 1969 Social Work with Groups. New York: Columbia University Press.

Trecker, Harleigh B. 1970 Social Group Work: Principles and Practice, New Work: Association Press Marulasiddaiah, H. M. 1987 Community: Area and Regional Development in India, Bangalore, Bangalore University

Lal, A. K. 1977 Politics of Poverty: A Study of Bonded Labour. New Delhi: Chethana Publications. Gangrade, K. D. 1971 Community Organisation in India, Bombay, Popular Prakashan.

#### MSW. EC.221: Social Work Skills

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

#### **Unit -I** Participatory Research

Participatory Research: Meaning, Concept & Work Significance Typology of Participation, Barriers & Limits, Development of PRA Principles and Method, Critical Consideration of PRA Method

#### **Unit –II** Participation in Development

Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation: Tool of Self Monitoring, Participatory Impact Monitoring

#### **Unit -III** Methods of Participation

Observation Features, Components & Types Recording: Purpose, Contents & Characteristics

#### **Unit -IV** Techniques of participation

Ethics of Social Work Skill Field Study

#### **Unit-V** Report Wring

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Fink, A. E. 1945 The Field of Social Work, New York, Henry Holt and Co.

Stroup, H. H. 1960 Social Work - An Introduction to the Field, New Delhi, Eurasia Publishing House.

Blaikie, Norman. 1993 Approaches in Social Enquiry, Cambridge: Polity Press.

Ackoff, R. L. 1962 Scientific Method: Optimizing Applied Research Designs, New York: John Wiley and Sons.

Geltung, J. 1961 Theory and Methods of Social Research, London: George Allen & Unwin

#### **SEMESTER-III**

#### MSW. CC.321: Human Resource Management

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### Unit -I

Human Resource Management: Concept, Evolution, Philosophy, Signification,

Objectives, Scope, Principles & Functions.

Human Resource Manager: Role and Responsibilities.

#### **Unit-II**

Human Resource Planning: Forecasting & Requirement, Selection, Induction and Training, Promotion and Transfer.

#### Unit -III

Job Analysis, Job Evolution, Performance Appraisal, Discipline, Wages and Salary Administration.

#### **Unit-IV**

Participative Management: Concept, Objective and scope Approaches to Participation: Socialistic, Gandhian and Eclectic.

#### Unit-V

Workers Participation in Management in India, analysis and Consequences

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Aswathapa K, 2007, "Human Resource Management", Tata McGraw Hill Pub.Co.Ltd, New Delhi.

Aswathappa K, 2000, "Organization Behaviour", 5th Ed, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.

Aswathappa K, 2004, "Human Resource and Personnel Management: Text and Cases", 3rd Ed, Tata McGraw Hill Pub.Co.Ltd, New Delhi.

Bedian Arthur G and Glueck William F, 1983, "Management", 3rd Edition, HoldSaunders International Editions, The Dryden Press, Japan.

Bosotia G.R, 1999, "Human Resource Management", Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur

#### MSW. CC.322: Labor welfare and Social Security

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

Unit -I

Labour Welfare: Concept, Need, Scope, Philosophy & principles

Unit-II

Historical Development of Labour Welfare in India: Constitution and Legal Framework.

**Unit-III** 

Programmers and Policy of Labour Welfare in India.

**Unit-IV** 

Social Security in India: Programmers, Policies & Perspectives.

**Unit-V** The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.

#### **Essential and Suggested Readings**

Moorthy, M.V.(1968), Principles of Labour Welfare, Gupta Brothers, Vishakapatnam.

Subramanian, V, Factory Laws Applicable in Tamil Nadu, Vol.I,II & III, Madras Book Company.

Yadav, L.B.(ed.) (2000), Reading in Social and Labour Welfare (2 Vol.Set) Institute For Sustainable

Development, Lucknow

Sarma, A.M. (2005), Aspects of Labour Welfare and Social Security, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

Saxena, R. C (1960), Labour Problems & Social Welfare, Jai Prakash Nath & Co., Meerut.

Vaid, K. N. (1970), Labour Welfare in India, Sri Ram Centre For Ind. Relation, New Delhi.

International Labour Office, Labour Legislations in India, ILO, New Delhi.

MSW-EC-321: Practicum

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

OR

MSW-EC-322: Participation with NGOs/Government Organizations

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

# A. CRIMINOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION MSW. EC.323: Criminology and Penology

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

**Unit-I:** Criminology: Concept: Definition & Scope, Criminology as a Social Science: Definition and Scope,

Relationship of Criminology with other Social Science, Sociology of Crime & Deviant Behavior,

**Unit-II:** Development of Criminological Thoughts, pre classical, classical, neo classical theories Positive

school, sociological theories etc

**Unit-III:** Penology: Meaning & Scope, punishment, meaning type & objectives, capital punishment

**Unit-IV:** Theories of Punishment

Unit-V: Prison Administration in India, Prison Reform in India, Prison Reform in MP

- Pelfrey, Villian V.- The Evolution of Criminology
- Mannheim, Herman-Pioneers inCriminology
- Mannheim, Herman- Comparative Criminology
- Barnes, H.E. and Teeters N.K.- New Horizons in Criminology
- Cressy, D.R.-Criminology
- De Quiros, C.B.- Modern Theories of Criminology
- Gillin, John Lewis- Criminology and Penology
- Rajput, Diwakar Singh–Jail Reforms and Prisoners' Welfare
- Srivastava, S.P.- The Indian Prison Community

#### B. WOMEN AND DEVELOPMENT

#### MSW. EC.324: Women and Society

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

#### Unit-I

#### **Social Construction of Gender (9hrs)**

Gender as a sociological category:

Sex vs. gender, gender roles and sexual division of labour

#### **Unit-II**

#### Feminist Thoughts (9hrs)

Marxist – Socialists, Liberationalist, Radicals, Post-modernist; Feminist Methodology as a critiques of sociological methods.

#### **Unit-III**

#### **Political Economy of Gender:**

Women and structural adjustment Programmes in India Women's issues – Economic Parameters Budgetary Policy: A Gender analysis

#### **Unit-IV**

#### **Social Change and Gender Relation:**

New Social Movements and Gender in India Challenges of the New Millennium and Voluntary Organizations Effective Governance: Importance of Women's Leadership in Local Bodies

#### Unit - V

#### Women's Studies

Emergence of Women's studies Centers Dynamics of Women's Studies Women's Movement in India

#### **Essential & Suggested Readings**

Bhagwat, Vidyut. 2004. Feminist Social Thought. Jaipur: Rawat.

Dube, Leela (ed). 2001. Anthropological Explorations in Gender. Delhi: Sage.

Everelt, Jana M. 1981. Women and Social Change in India. New Delhi: Heritage Publishers.

Firestone, Sulahmith. 1975. The Dialectic of Sex. New York: Morrow.

John, Mary E. 1996. "Gender and Development in India 1970-1990s: Some Reflection on the Constitute

Role of Contexts", Economic and Political Weekly. vol 31, No. 47.

Krishnaraj, M. et-al. (eds.). 1989. Gender and the Household Domain. New Delhi: Sage.

Mies, M. 1980. Indian Women and Patriarchy. New Delhi: Concept Publishing.

Oakley, A. 1972. Sex, Gender, and Society. New York: Harper and Rao.

Rege, S. 2003 Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminists Sociological Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage.

Seth, M. 2001. Women and Development: The Indian Experience. New Delhi: Sage.

#### C. RURAL AND TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT

#### MSW. EC.325: Rural Development: Concept and Approaches

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

**Unit-I:** Understanding Development

Development: Concepts and Theories The Invention of Development

Unit-II: Colonialism and Development

Colonial mode of production

Development of Underdevelopment

Poverty and Famine

Unit-III: Rural DevelopmentConcept

Theories and Model in Rural Development Sustainable Rural Development Social capital and local knowledge

Unit-IV: Rural Governance inIndia

Historical Perspective on Rural Governance in India

Panchayati RajInstitutions

Unit-V: Village in Development discourse

Village and the Planner

Critical understanding of policy approaches to the village development

- Myrdal, Gunnar. 1974. "What is Development?" Journal of Economic Issues 8(4):729-736.
- Scott, David. 1995. "Colonial Governmentality." Social Text 43:191-220.
- Frank, Andre Gunder. 1969. "The development of underdevelopment" Monthly Review 18(4):17-31.
- Sen, Amartya, 1985. Poverty and Famines. An Essay on Entitlement, OUP: New Delhi
- Agrawal, A. 1995. Dismantling the Divide between Indigenous and Scientific Knowledge, Development and Change, Vol.26
- Putnam, Robert D. 1993, Making Democracy Work: Civic Traditions in Modern Italy, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1993
- Chambers, R. 1983, Rural Development: Putting the lat first, Rutledge: London
- Maheshwari, S.R. (1985). Rural Development in India, New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- Padhy, Kishore chandra (1986). Rural Development in Modern India, New Delhi, B.R. Publishing Corporation. Matthai John (1915). Village Government in British India, Delhi, Neeraj Publishing

#### **SEMESTER-IV**

#### MSW. CC.421: Trade Union and Industrial Relation

**Credit-05, Hours-75(5x15)** 

#### Unit-I

Trade Unions: Concept, Objectives, Function, History of Trade Union Movement in India Union Leadership.

#### **Unit-II**

Theories of Trade Unions, Central Labour Organization, Political Affiliation of Trade Unions, Trade Union Rivalry: Intra and Inter, the Indian Trade Union Act 1926

#### **Unit-III**

Industrial Relation: Concept, Objectives, Scope Approaches, Important Determinants and Reflectors, the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946

#### Unit-IV

Collective Bargaining: Concept, Objectives, Principles, Forms & Methods Theories Of Collective Bargaining.

**Unit-V** The trade union Act- 1926, the industrial Employment Standing orders Act -1946, Industrial Disputes act-1947

#### **Essential & Suggested Readings**

Arun Monappa 1989 Indutrial relations, New delhi, tata Magraw

Bhagliwel .T.N. 1988 Personnel Management and Industria Relations Deep and Deep publisher

Dewan and 1996 Labour Management, New delhi, discovery, Publishing Sudharsan House Gaur.L 1986 Trade unionism and Industrial Relations, New Delhi Deep and Deep publisher Memoria.CB 1985 Dynamics of Industrial relations & Memoria.S

Punekar Etal 1988 Labour Welfare, trade unionism and Industrial relations Mumbai, Himalaya

Paril B.R. 1977 Concilliation in India, Allahabad, Chaugh Publication Rao.K 1966 A practical approach to Domestic enquiry, Madras, Sitaram and Co

# MSW-EC-421: Internship

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

MSW-EC-422: Preparation and Planning of Project writing

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

# A. CRIMINOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION MSW. EC.423: Social Work Practice in Corrections

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

- Unit -I Corrections: Meaning, Definition and Scope.
  - Relevance of Social Work in Corrections
  - Development of Correction: A Historical Perspective
- Unit -II Correctional Services within Institutional Settings: Prisons and Juvenile Correctional Institutions. Open Jail etc.
- Unit-III Community-based Correction: Probation, Parole and After –Care,Critique of Correction Programmes in the Community –based Correction.
- **Unit** –**IV** Core issues in the Treatment, Reformation and Rehabilitation of Offenders. Social Work Practice in correction.
- Unit –V Problems of Social Work Intervention in Corrections Imperatives of an Adequate
   Training of Correctional Social Workers New Perspectives on Correctional Social Work.

- 1. Iyer, V.R. K.-Law versus Justice: Problems and Solutions
- 2. Western, P.B. The Criminal Justice System : A Introduction and Guidelines
- 3. Arhana, T.- Social Advocacy: Perspective of Social Work
- 1. Government of India- Report of the Legal Aid Committee, 1973 Keve, Paul W.-Corrections
- 2. John, Elmer H.- Crime, Correction and Society
- 3. Bartollas, C. and Stuart J. Miler- Correctional Administration: Theory and Practice
- 4. Carter Rebert, M.- Probation, Parole and Community Corrections
- 5. Gibbons, Don C.- Changing the Lawbreaker: The Treatment of Delinquents and Criminals
- 6. Lipton, Douglas- The Effectiveness of Correctional Treatment
- 7. Robert Martinson and Judith Wilks Abadinskhy, Howard- Probation and Parole: Theory and Practice
- 8. Rajput, Diwakar Singh- Jail Reforms and Prisoners Welfare
- 9. Darney, Louis P.- Corrections and the Community
- 10. Sandhu, H.S.- Modern Corrections
- 11. Coffey, Alan- Correctional Administration
- 12. Srivastava, S.P.- The Probation System, Juvenile Justice in India; Policy, Programme and Perspective.

#### B. WOMEN AND DEVELOPMENT

#### MSW. EC.424: Women Empowerment

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

#### Unit-I

#### **Women and Empowerment:**

Empowerment: Meaning, Definition and Characteristics. Status of Women in India: Historical and Contemporary Perspective Gandhi and Empowerment of Women

#### Unit-II

#### Globalization and Women's Question in India:

Women, Education and Social Development Women and Health: An Indian Scenario Poverty, Women and their Empowerment

#### **Unit-III**

#### Women's Problems, Legislations and Empowerment:

Female Feticides, Dowry, Domestic Violence, Crime against Women, Trafficking, Child Prostitution
Legislations for Empowering Women
Human Rights for Women's Empowerment

#### **Unit-IV**

#### **Political Participation and Empowerment:**

Family for Empowerment Women's Political Participation in India: An agenda for Empowerment Role of Government in the empowerment of women in India

#### **Unit-IV**

#### **Women in Decision Making:**

Role of Women in Decision Making Process Women in Decision Making Bodies Women in Law Women in Media

#### **Essential & Suggested Readings**

Bhagwat, Vidyut. 2004. Feminist Social Thought. Jaipur: Rawat. Dube, Leela (ed). 2001. Anthropological Explorations in Gender. Delhi: Sage.

Everelt, Jana M. 1981. *Women and Social Change in India*. New Delhi: Heritage Publishers. Firestone, Sulahmith. 1975. *The Dialectic of Sex*. New York: Morrow.

John, Mary E. 1996. "Gender and Development in India 1970-1990s: Some Reflection on the Constitute Role of Contexts", *Economic and Political Weekly*. vol 31, No. 47.

Krishnaraj, M. et-al. (eds.). 1989. Gender and the Household Domain. New Delhi: Sage.

Mies, M. 1980. Indian Women and Patriarchy. New Delhi: Concept Publishing.

Oakley, A. 1972. Sex, Gender, and Society. New York: Harper and Rao.

Rege, S. 2003 Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminists Sociological Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage.

Seth, M. 2001. Women and Development: The Indian Experience. New Delhi: Sage.

#### C. RURAL AND TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT

#### MSW. EC.425: Tribal Community and Social Work

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

#### Unit-I

Tribes: definition and characteristics of tribal community, major tribes classification

#### **Unit-II**

Tribal situation: past and present: tribe caste continuum; geographical distribution of tribes in india.

#### **Unit-III**

Tribal economy: characteristics of tribal economy- hunting- gathering, shifting cultivation, plain land cultivation, mining and wage labour, animal husbandry and other avenues of livelihood.

#### **Unit-IV**

Health and education: trends, issues and initiatives- health, sanitation, modern education system and literacy among tribal.

#### Unit- V

Planning and development interventions; tribal development during five year plans, tribal development block, tribal development agency.

#### **Essential & Suggested Readings**

Bailey, F.G (1960/1971) tribe caste continuum in "tribe caste and nation, Manchester university press.

Bahera, (KK. 2003) organization and management of tribal markets, independent publishing company, new Delhi

Bahera, MC and jumyir basar (2010) Ed: interventions and tribal development, derail publication new delhi

Das, Nirmal Chandra: tribal demography, sagar publication

# MSW. EC.421: Internship

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

### MSW. EC.427: Preparation of Project and Planning

**Credit-04, Hours-60(4x15)** 

# M.S.W. IV Semester Sociology MSW-EC-421 Internship Maximum Marks: 100

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ı	ı	ı	4

The Field Work Based Dissertation will be carried out under the guidance of faculty member. Its supervisors shall be allotted by Departmental Committee. The students shall be required to submit 2 copies of typed/written record of dissertation which shall be examined as per ordinance of the University. The Distribution of Marks for the Valuation of Field Dissertation will be as Follows:

Open Presentation	20 Marks
Concise Dissertation	60 Marks
Viva-Voce	20 Marks
Total	100 Marks

# एम.एस.डब्लू. चतुर्थ सेमेस्टर समाजशास्त्र MSW-EC-421 Internship

अधिकतम अंक : 100

L T P C - 4

क्षेत्रीय कार्य पर आधारित लघुशोध-प्रबन्ध संकाय सदस्य के निर्देशन में सम्पन्न किया जायेगा। निर्देशक का आवंटन विभागीय समिति द्वारा किया जायेगा। विद्यार्थियों द्वारा लघुशोध-प्रबन्ध का अभिलेख अंकित / हस्तलिखित 2 प्रतियों में जमा किया जाना आवश्यक होगा, जिसका मूल्यांकन विश्वविद्यालय के अधिनियम के अनुसार किया जायेगा। इसका अंक विभाजन निम्नानुसार रहेगा :-

प्रस्तुतिकरण	20 अंक
संक्षिप्त शोधप्रबन्ध	60 अंक
मौखिकी	20 अंक
योग	100 अंक

# DRAFT SYLLABYS FOR Ph.D. COURSE WORK (Semester-I)



# **Department of Sociology & Social Work**

Dr. Harisingh Gour Vishwavidyalaya, Sagar
(A Central University)

(2018-19)

Course Code	Title of Course	<u>Credit</u>
SOC-CC-141	Theory and Methods of Social Research	4
SOC-CC-142	Perspectives in Indian Sociology	4
SOC-CC-143	Review of Published Research in Relevant I	Field 4
Electives Course	(Any One)	
SOC-EC-141	Gender and Society	4
SOC-EC-142	Sociology of Crime and Deviance	4
SOC-EC-143	Rural Society in India	4
SOC-EC-144	Sociology of Tribal Society	4
SOC-EC-145	Sociology of Change and Development	4
Total Credit:		16

### SOC- CC-141- Theory and Methods of Social Research Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)

This course aims to provide a theoretical and philosophical understanding of social phenomena. The research scholars are expected to familiarize with the various social research techniques and methods. The major aim of the course is to enable research scholars about the using of theories in the social research.

#### Unit - I

Nature and Types of Sociological Theory.
The Relationship between Theory and Fact.
Methodological orientation in sociological research

#### Unit – II

Research Design: Identification of Problem; Study of Related literature; Formulation of Hypothesis

#### Unit – III

Methods:

Qualitative: historical and comparative; observation methods; textual Interpretation; case study; Ethnography

#### Unit – IV

Quantitative: Survey; content analysis

Techniques: Sampling; Observation; Interview; notes; diaries; oral history;

#### Unit - V

Statistics for social Research: Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; Standard Deviation, Correlation and Interpretation of data Referencing and Documentation in social science research

- 1. Bose, Pradip Kumar, 1995: Research Methodology. New Delhi: ICSSR.
- 2. D.A.de Vaus. 1986. Suveys in Social Research. London: George Relen and Unwin.
- 3. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah 1979. Field Worker and the Field. New Delhi: Oxford.
- 4. Mukherjee, P.N. (eds.) 2000 Methodology in Social Research: Dilemmas and Perspectives, New Delhi: Sage. (Introcuction)
- 5. Smelser, Neil J. Comparative Methods in Social Science.
- 6. Ramchandran, P. Research & Statistics for (2000). Social Work: Secundarabud Andharapradesh Social services society.
- 7. Bajaj and Gupta . 1972 . Elements of Statistics . New Delhi : R. Chand Co.
- 8. Srinivas, M.N. and A.M. Shah 1979. Field. Delhi: Oxford.
- 9. Young, P.V. 1998. Scientific Social Surveys and research, New Delhi. Prentice Hall.
- 10. Bryman, Alan 1988 Quality and Quantity in Social Research. London: Unwin

# Soc-C-142- Perspectives in Indian Sociology Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)

This course deals with an understanding of various theoretical approaches to understand change in cultural and societal value system, the process of change and the Indian experience of planning and development.

#### Unit – I

Social structure and Function: Varna and Caste (Book view and Field View); Social Mobility and Indian society

Unit – II

Family and Household in India; Marriage and Kinship: (Regional, cultural and social implications)

Unit – III

Socio-Economic change in India: Colonial and post-colonial

Unit - IV

Social Movements in India: Religious Movements, Peasant movements,

Unit - V

Naxalite and tribal Movements, Environmental Movements, Women's Movements

- 1. Appadurai, Arjun. 1997. Modernity At Larg: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization. New Delhi: OUP
- 2. Desai, A.R. 1985. India's path of Development: A Marxist Approach. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- 3. Shah, A.M., The Family in India
- 4. Singh, Yogendra., 1974, Modernization of Indian Tradition, Rawat Publications, Jaipur,
- 5. Harrison, D. 1989. The Sociology of Modernization and Development. New Delhi, OUP
- 6. Moor, Wilbert and Robert Cook. 1967. Social Change New Delhi: Prentice-Hall (India).
- 7. Sharma, SL 1980. "Criteria of Social Development", Journal of Social Action. Jan- Mar.
- 8. Sharma SL 1986. Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions. Jaipur: Rawat. (Chapter 1).
- 9. Srinivas, M.N. 1966. Social Change in Modern India. Berkley: University of Berkley.
- 10. Giddens, Anthony. 1990. The Consequences of Modernity, Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 11. Jha, Kali Nath., 2005, Modernizing Women: Searching Their Identities, Rawat Publications, Jaipur & New Delhi.

# SOC-CC-143: Review of Published Research in Relevant Field Credit-04, hours-60(4x15)

- This paper is devoted to engage students with review of Articles, Books, and Monographs in social sciences related to their broad areas of proposed research proposal.
- The students will be evaluated through the open class room presentation and viva-voce.

#### **Elective Courses:**

#### **SOC-EC-141: Gender and Society**

**Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)** 

The objective of this course is to trace the evolution of gender as a category of social analysis in the late twentieth century. The course provides a comprehensive study on the origin of feminist ideology and their changing nature. Although the focus of the introductory part of this course is primarily on the European literatures, a major part of this course will also be devoted to the understanding of the origin and development of feminism in South Asia in general and India in particular.

#### Unit-I: Social Construction of Gender

Gender as a sociological category: sex vs. gender, equality vs. difference, public vs. private, nature vs. civilization; gender roles and sexual division of labour; Patriarchy and male domination in society

#### Unit II: Feminist Thoughts

Radicals, Marxist – Socialists, Liberationalist, Post-modernist; Feminist Methodology as a critiques of sociological methods.

#### Unit III: Various Gender Related Issues

Production and Reproduction; Work and property, Relative deprivation, Discrimination and exploitation; Education, Health, Environment and Ecology

#### Unit IV: Women in India

The changing status of women in India – pre-colonial, colonial and post-colonial;

#### **Unit V** Women empowerment

Women empowerment in India; Globalization and women

- 1. Bhagwat, Vidyut. 2004. Feminist Social Thought. Jaipur: Rawat.
- 2. Dube, Leela (ed). 2001. Anthropological Explorations in Gender. Delhi: Sage.
- 3. Everelt, Jana M. 1981. Women and Social Change in India. New Delhi: Heritage Publishers.
- 4. Jha, Kali Nath., 2005, Modernizing Women: Searching Their Identities, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 5. Firestone, Sulahmith. 1975. The Dialectic of Sex. New York: Morrow.
- 6. John, Mary E. 1996. "Gender and Development in India 1970-1990s: Some Reflection on the Constitute Role of Contexts", *Economic and Political Weekly*. vol 31, No. 47.
- 7. Krishnaraj, M. et-al. (eds.). 1989. *Gender and the Household Domain*. New Delhi: Sage.
- 8. Mies, M. 1980. Indian Women and Patriarchy. New Delhi: Concept Publishing.
- 9. Oakley, A. 1972. Sex, Gender, and Society. New York: Harper and Rao.
- 10. Rege, S. 2003 Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminists Sociological Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage.
- 11. Seth, M. 2001. Women and Development: The Indian Experience. New Delhi: Sage.

# **SOC-EC-142:** Sociology of Crime and Deviance Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)

This course tries to make familiarize students with the sociological perspectives on crime and its changing forms. The course having the objective to make understanding of students on the social-structural aspects of criminal behavior and the various forms correction and punishment.

#### Unit I

Concept: Sociology of Crime: Meaning, Scope & Subject Matter Conceptual approaches to Crime, Deviance and Criminology, History and Development of Criminological Thoughts

#### Unit II

Pre Classical, Classical and Neo Classical approaches, Typological, Ecological, Geographical and Sociological Theories of Criminology, Recent Theories

#### Unit III

Types of Crime: Organized Crime, White collar crime, Crime against women and children, Corruption. Changing Socio-economic profile of criminal in contemporary India, Changing profile of crime and criminals.

#### Unit IV

Penology: Meaning, Scope & Subject Matter Conceptual approaches to Punishment, meaning and types Theories of Punishment.

#### Unit V

Correction and Reforms, Meaning and significance of Correction.

Forms of Correction, Prison based and community based Correction.

- 1. Bedi, Kiran. 1998. It is Always Possible. New Delhi : Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Goel, Rakesh M. and Manohar S. Powar. 1994. Computer Crime: Concept, Control and Prevention. Bombay: Sysman Computers Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Makkar, S.P. Singh and Paul C. Friday. 1993 Global perspectives in Criminology. Jalandhar: ABC Publications.

- 4. Ministry of Home Affairs. 1998. Crime in India. New Delhi : Government of India.
- 5. Shankardas, Rani Dhavan, 2000. Punishment and the Prison: India and International Perspective. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 6. Sharma, Shrinath: (ed.). 2001. Samajik Vyadhiki; Bhapal M.P. Hindi Granth Acadamy.
- 7. Sutherland, Edwin H. and Donald R. Cressey. 1968. Principles of Criminology. Bombay: The Times of India Press.
- 8. Walklete, Sandra. 1998 Understanding Criminology. Philadelphia : Open University Press.
- 9. Ministry of Home Affairs. Report of the All India Committee on Jail Reforms. 1980-83. New Delhi: Government of India.
- 10. Revid, Jorathan. 1995. Economic Crime. London, Kejan Paul.
- 11. Ryan, Patrick J. and George Rush. 1997. Understanding Organizad Crime in Global Perspective. London: Sage Publications.

#### SOC-EC-143- Rural Society in India

**Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)** 

This courses tries to make familiarizes students with the historical nature and its changing dimensions of Indian rural society and the agrarian institutions. The courses also emphasizes on the issues related to Indian rurality and the issues related to agrarian studies in contemporary India.

#### Unit-I: Rural sociology in India

The social conditions and development of sociology in India

Rural and Rurality in India

Debate on rurality: Gandhi, Ambedkar and Nehru

#### Unit-II: Village studies in India

Perspectives and approaches in Village studies

Methodological approaches and Debate

(This section will be dealing with various article and book reviews on

discussion on village studies in India)

#### Unit-III: Agrarian Institutions in India

Approaches to study agrarian Institution

Peasant and agrarian tradition

Agrarian transformations in colonial India

#### Unit-IV: Developmental state and agrarian Institution

Debating on Land Reform

Green Revolution and the rural transformation

Agrarian Questions and the debate on Mode of Production

#### Unit-V

Agrarian crisis, Migration and farmers' suicide

State, agrarian land and neoliberal economy (case studies)

- 1. Desai A.R. 1977 Rural Sociology in India, popular Prakshan, Bombay.
- 2. P. Radhakrishnan 1989: Peasant Struggles: Land reforms and Social Change in Malabar 1836 -1982. Sagar Publications: New Delhi.
- 3. Andre Betille 1974 Six Essays in Comparative Sociology, OUP, New Delhi.
- 4. Dhanagare D.N. 1988: Peasant Movements in India OUP New Delhi.
- 5. Ashish Nandy 1999. Ambiguous Journey to the City New Delhi OUP.

- 6. Stock, E. 1978. The Peasant and the Raj: Studies in Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in colonial India, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- 7. Sighroy, D.K. 2004. *Peasants' Movements in Post-Colonial India*, New Delhi: Sage
- 8. Vasavi, A.R. 1998. Harbingers of Rain, New Delhi: OUP
- 9. Jodhka, S.S. 1998. 'Agrarian Transformation in India', in Veena Das (ed.) Oxford Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology, New Delhi: OUP
- 10. Gupta, A. 1998. Post Colonial Development: Agriculture in making modern India, New Delhi: OUP
- 11. Kautasky, K. 1988. *The Agrarian questions*, vol.1, London: Zwan Pub.
- 12. Thorner, A. 1982. 'Semifuedalism or Capitalism? the contempoaray debates on classes and modes of production in India', *EPW*, vol. 17(49,50&51)

#### SOC-EC- 144- Sociology of Tribal Society

**Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)** 

This course is an introduction to the history and socio-cultural variability of various tribes in India. It explores the social organization, polity, religion and economy of tribal community inhabiting India. The emphasis is also given to understand social change, development, and the identity issues in tribal societies.

#### Unit I: Tribal Situation: Past and Present:

Tribes as Indigenous People – Tribe-caste continuum Geographical distribution of Tribes in India Scheduled Areas – Constitutional Provisions.

#### Unit II :Tribal Economy:

Characteristics of Tribal Economy – Hunting-gathering, Shifting cultivation, Plain Land Cultivations, Mining and Wage Labour, Animal Husbandry and other Avenues of Livelihood

Forest and Tribal Economy - Forest Rights Act, 2006

Economic Transformation and Tribal Movements (Case Studies)

#### Unit-III: Health and Education:

Trends, Issues and Initiatives – Health, Sanitation and Food Security Modern Education system and Literacy among Tribal, Right to Education Act and Other Provisions.

#### Unit-IV: Planning and Development Interventions:

Tribal Development during Five Year Plans, Tribal Development Block, Tribal Development agency, Sub-Plan Approach, MADA and Cluster Approach.

#### Unit-V

Relevance of different approaches to Tribal Development – Nehru and Elwin

Emerging Development Initiatives – Role of NGOs.

- 1. Desai A.R. (1979) Peasant Struggles in India (Asia Publishing House).
- 2. Dube S.C. 1977: Tribal Heritage of India (New Delhi: Vikas)
- 3. Hasnain N.: (1983) Tribes in India (Harnam Publications New Delhi).
- 4. Raza, Moonis and A. Ahmad (1990) An Atlas of Tribal India (Concept Publishing Delhi)
- 5. Sharma, Suresh 1994: Tribal Identity and Modern Worlds (Sage: New Delhi)
  - Bailey, F.G., (1960/1971), Tribe-caste Continuum in Tribe, Caste and Nation', Mancheswar University Press
- 6. Thaper, Ramesh (ed.) (1977), Tribe, Cate and religion in India, Macmillan, Delhi
- 7. Behra, M.C and Jumyir Basar,(ed.) (2010), Interventions and Tribal Development, Derial Publications, New Delhi
- 8. Vidyarthi, L.P and B.K.Rai, (1985), The Tribal Culture of India, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi

# **SOC-EC- 145: Sociology of Change and Development** Credit-04, hours-60(5x12)

This course deals with an understanding of various approaches to the change of cultural and societal values, the social structure and its relation with the changes of economic institution and vice- versa.

#### Unit I: Change and Development of Tribal Situation:

Change and Development in Tribal societies, Tribe-caste continuum Forest and Tribal Economy – Forest Rights Act, 2006 Economic Transformation and Tribal Movements Emerging Development Initiatives – Role of NGOs.

#### Unit II:Women's Issues and Development

The changing status of women in India Women empowerment in India Globalisation and women Problems o Women and Development

#### Unit III: Rural Development:

Perspectives and approaches in Village studies Distinctive characterization of Rural Societies

#### Unit IV Rural economy:

Rural economy and Changing labour market. Power, Caste and class: Changing dimensions

#### Unit V: Political Economy of Development

Globalisation, Liberalisation and Privatisation (LPG) Changing Ideology of Indian Planning Liberalisation, Poverty and unemployment Globalisation, Migration and cultural Issues

- 1. Desai A.R. (1979) Peasant Struggles in India (Asia Publishing House).
- 2. Dube S.C. 1977: Tribal Heritage of India (New Delhi: Vikas)
- 3. Hasnain N.: (1983) Tribes in India (Harnam Publications New Delhi).
- 4. Raza, Moonis and A. Ahmad (1990) An Atlas of Tribal India (Concept Publishing Delhi)
- 5. Sharma, Suresh 1994: Tribal Identity and Modern Worlds (Sage: New Delhi)
- 6. Bailey, F.G., (1960/1971), Tribe-caste Continuum in 'Tribe, Caste and Nation', Mancheswar University Press
- 7. John, Mary E. 1996. "Gender and Development in India 1970-1990s: Some Reflection on the Constitute Role of Contexts", *Economic and Political Weekly*. vol 31, No. 47.
- 8. Krishnaraj, M. et-al. (eds.). 1989. *Gender and the Household Domain*. New Delhi: Sage.
- 9. Mies, M. 1980. Indian Women and Patriarchy. New Delhi: Concept Publishing.
- 10. Oakley, A. 1972. Sex, Gender, and Society. New York: Harper and Rao.
- 11. Rege, S. 2003 Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminists Sociological Knowledge. New Delhi: Sage.
- 12. Seth, M. 2001. Women and Development: The Indian Experience. New Delhi: Sage.
- 13. Bagchi, A. 1999. India's Institutions Under Neo-Liberal Regime. New Delhi: Sage.
- 14.Bellshaw, C.S. 1965. *Traditional Exchange and Modern Markets*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 15. Chakrabarty, S. 1987. Development Planning: The Indian Experience. Oxford University Press.
- 16.Castles, S and Mark J. Miller. 2003. *The Age of Migration*. New York: Guilford Press.
- 17.Craig, D and Doug Porter. 2006. Development beyond Neoliberalism? Governance, Poverty Reduction and Political Economy in Developing countries. London: Rutledge and Kegan Paul.

#### **SOC-EC-146-** Contemporary Sociological Perspectives

**Credit-04, Hours-60(5x12)** 

This course is intended to introduce the students to the theoretical and methodological issues which have shaped the sociological thinking in the latter half of the 20th century, and which continue to concern the practitioners of sociology today. Although the 20th century sociological thinkers have their different approaches and methods to study social reality but also they have certain links with the original ideas of classical sociology. The main focus of this course will be on the different perspectives in sociology in modern time. This course will try to engage students in debating the on changing nature of theory and methodology in the discipline of sociology.

#### **Unit I: Functionalism and Structural Functionalism**

Talcott Parsons and Redcliff Brown

#### **Unit II: Conflict and Critical**

George Simmel Habermass

#### **Unit III: Symbolic and Phenomenological**

G.H.Mead (Symbolic) Alfred Schutz (Phenomenology) Clifford Geertz (Ethnography)

#### **Unit IV: Structure and Agency**

Perre Bourdiue Anthony Giddens

#### **Unit V: Structuralism and Post-Structuralism**

Claude Levi-Strauss Derrida Foucault

#### **Essential Readings**

Alexander, J. 1987. Twenty Lectures: Sociological Theory Since World War II. New York: Colombia University Press.

Anderson, Perry. 1998. The Origins of Postmodernity. London: Verso.

Berger, P and T. Luckman. 1967. The Social Construction of Reality. London: Penguin. Collins, R. 2004. Theoretical Sociology. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. (Ch-2 and 4, 7 and 8).

Sage Parsons, T. 1951. Social Systems. New Delhi:

Ritzer, George. 1992. Sociological Theory. New York: McGraw-Hill.

Schutz, A. 1967. The Phenomenology of the Social World. Evanston, Ill: Northwestern University Press.

Turner, J.H. 1987. The Structure of Sociological Theory. Jaipur: Rawat.

#### **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

(a) Mid Semester Examination: 20 Marks(b) Internal Assessment: 20 Marks(c) End Semester Exam: 60 Marks

#### B) Assessment:

#### I) Internal Assessment

#### a) Theory

Each theory course must clearly mention the methodology of assessment i.e. assignment, presentation, group discussion etc. depending on the number of student in the class and feasibility of adopting a particular methodology. The distribution of marks for internal assessments shall be as follows.

(i) Evaluation of the assignment,

Presentation, Group discussion etc : 15 Marks

(ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

75% and below : 00 Marks (i) (ii) > 75% and upto 80% : 01 Marks (iii) >80% and upto 85% : 02 Marks >85% and upto 90% : 03 Marks (iv) : 04 Marks >90% and upto 95% (v) (vi) >95% : 05 Marks

The introductory note must also mention that to be eligible to appear in End semester Examination a student must appear in Mid Semester Examination and Internal Assessment.

### b) Practical / Lab Courses:

- 1. Evaluation of Practical / Lab Courses shall be as follows:
- (i) Performing an getting the experiment checked regularly and

Incorporating the suggestion in the practical note book : 15 Marks

(ii) Attendance : 05 Marks

The marks for attendance shall be awarded as follows:

(vii) 75% and below : 00 Marks

(viii) > 75% and upto 80% : 01 Marks >80% and upto 85% : 02 Marks (ix) >85% and upto 90% : 03 Marks (x) >90% and upto 95% : 04 Marks (xi) >95% (xii) : 05 Marks C) End Semester Examination Practical / Lab Courses: It will consist of 60 marks as follows: (a) Assessment of performing in the Experiment : 50 Marks (b) Viva-Voce of Experiment : 10 Marks D) Evaluation of Project: It will be based on periodic assessment of the progress of the project and End Semester Examination as follows: (i) First periodic assessment of the progress after 08 weeks: 20 Marks Second assessment of the progress after 08 weeks (ii) : 20 Marks (iii) End Semester Examination will consist of (a) Evaluation of the project report : 50 Marks (b) Viva-voce of project report : 10 Marks E) Evaluation of field work: It will be evaluated as follows: (i) Performing in the field work aptitude : 40 Marks (ii) **End Semester Examination** (a) Evaluation of the report on the field work : 50 Marks (b) Viva-voce on the report : 10 Marks **Evaluation of Seminars:** F) 1. Documentation of the seminar : 20 Marks 2. First presentation of the seminar : 20 Marks 3. **End Semester Examination** : 60 Marks End Semester Examination will consist: (i) Presentation of the seminar : 50 Marks Defense of the presentation : 10 Marks (ii)